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VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1893. No. 219

This Season's

Jackets, Mantles, Capes

A Magnificent Assortment

On View This Week

AT THE WESTSIDE.

BEAR IN MIND

That we supply THE TRADE with the Celebrated Woonsocket Brand

RUBBER BOOTS AND SHOES.

SEND ORDERS DIRECT LENZ & LEISER

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,

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42 Johnson St., VICTORIA, B.C.

WEILER BROS.

Latest Arrivals

Japanese Leather Paperhangings, 36 in. wide
Japanese Drapery Crepes, 27 in. wide
Art Cambric Prints } For Curtains,
Sateen Cretone } Draperies, Etc.
White Satin Finish & Marcella Bed Quilts
Table, Banquet and Library Lamps
Tea Kettles with Wrought Iron Stands
New additions to Furniture and Carpet Stocks always arriving.

SHOW ROOMS: 51 TO 55 FORT ST.

YOUR MONEY'S WORTH FOR YOUR MONEY

Is what you receive from us.

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

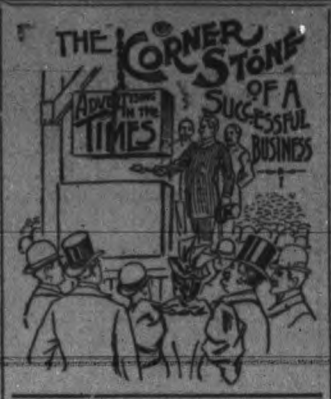
The finest assortment of Ready-Made Clothing ever seen in British Columbia is now on exhibition at our store. While others are complaining of hard times we are selling more good ready-made Suits than ever before. See our windows. Suits from $15 to $25, and no trouble to sell them; they sell themselves because they are just what the people want. No other stores have the same class of goods.

We have all sizes up to 50 in. chest measure. Suits for big men a specialty.

We have all styles—Single and Double Breasted Sac., Single and Double Breasted Frock, Full Dress Suits, Eaton Suits. An inspection solicited.

Boot and Shoe Department next door below.

35 & 37 Johnson St., Victoria. GILMORE & McCANDLESS.



NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Strong Girl for General House Work. Call at No. 31, Bay St. sep18-2t

FOR SALE—A No. 8 Cook stove, almost new. No. 4 Jackson street, James Bay. s18-2t

LOST—A brown and white spaniel bitch, collar bearing initials F. W. G. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning dog to E. B. Marvin & Co.'s, Wharf street. s18-1w

NOTICE

☆ ☆ ☆

WELL DONE our Lacrosse Boys! You won in the East, but I won in Victoria; for I study the comfort of my Customers and sent out more

Paragon Oil Cans

Last month than any other Grocer in the City.

H. SAUNDERS, The People's Grocer.

se18-2w

A Crank Legislature.

Topeka, Kan., Sept. 18.—The Provident Trust Co., one of the largest holders of Kansas mortgages, has written its agents at Great Bend that it is closing its business as rapidly as possible, and that any extension of standing loans is impossible. Charles Marsheldon, who has just returned from the east, says he talked with scores of capitalists and not one wanted Kansas securities. He says eastern bankers are afraid of the financial schemes of the parties in power in Kansas. Until the death of the "crank" legislature is assured the eastern money now invested here will be withdrawn as rapidly as possible. This means trouble for thousands of farmers.

Surplus Harvest Laborers

St. Paul, Sept. 18.—The railroads and overcrowded streets have ceased sending laborers to the harvest fields of the Northwest. Early in the season there was a scarcity of men, but within a month this was made known and thousands of men flocked to Minnesota and Dakota. Since then there has been a surplus of help, and as a result the threshing crews are beginning to cut wages. The first salaries paid were $2 a day, but now $1.50 is paid. Many threshing machines and crews are idle, and they offer to thresh for one cent a bushel all round. This is a cut of over 50 per cent. Even at this less than three-quarters of the men in the fields can secure work, and there will soon be as great an influx to cities as there was to the harvest fields two months ago.

Electricity in Court.

St. Louis, Sept. 18.—One of the most important cases on the calendar for the fall term of the United States Circuit Court, which opened to-day with Judge John F. Phillips presiding, is that of the Adams Electric Railway Company against the Lindell Street Railway Company, which concerns the patent rights to electric street railway motors. The trial will be marked by a decided novelty for a court of justice, in the form of a minlature street railway in full operation, power being furnished by a current from an electric light. Considerable time will be taken up with the reading of expositions made by experts, and which make up up a pamphlet of several thousand pages.

Carelessness in Mines.

Washington, D.C., Sept. 18.—Secretary Smith, of the department of the interior, has received a lengthy protest covering several sheets of legal cap paper from local assemblies 1677, 247, 571 and 700 of the Indian Territory department of the Knights of Labor, demanding the immediate removal of Mine Inspector W. L. Bryan, recently appointed by President Cleveland. It is alleged that mines which the inspector has reported as safe and sanitary are in a dangerous and unhealthy condition by reason of the imperfect mode of ventilation and the dangerous method by which shots are fired while the men are still at work, and which renders possible a repetition of the terrible McAllister-Krebs disaster of last year. The inspector is condemned for his failure to properly discharge the duties of his office, and the president and secretary of the interior are condemned for appointing him, inasmuch as he was until recently a coal operator, and by his tyrannical course while an operator made himself repugnant to every miner in the territory. The appointment is still further condemned owing to the fact that the miners of the territory in a convenion of the Knights of Labor had unanimously endorsed a practical mining expert, who, it is believed, would have done justice to the miners and operators of the territory, and would thereby have reflected great credit on those who appointed him.

Wilhelm in Austria.

Guens, Sept. 18.—The palace was crowded with royal personages to-day, who are attending the army manoeuvres. The Emperor Francis Joseph gave a banquet last night in honor of Emperor William of Germany. The banquet was followed by a reception.

KAMLOOPS' BIG FIRE

The Inland Capital Severely Visited Yesterday.

HALF THE TOWN LAID IN ASHES

Fierce Flames Assisted by a High Wind Storm.

Prior & Co.'s Warehouse Destroyed—Mr. Mara's House Badly Damaged—Intense Excitement Prevails—Prisoners Taken From Jail—Water Supply Fails.

Kamloops, B. C., Sept. 18.—Fire broke out in Vair's tin shop about 4 this morning. The wind was blowing a gale at the time. The firemen and citizens made a desperate fight, but could not check the fire. The following places were destroyed. Vair's tin shop, Prior & Co.'s hardware; Stephenson, jeweler; Simmons, contractor; Duhamel, barber shop; Whittaker, law office; Fortune's store and dwelling house; J. A. Mara's house; Sinclair's fruit store; Quinn, boots and shoes; Chong Lee, general store; Kwong On Wo & Co., and five other Chinese houses. The loss will exceed $100,000, Prior & Co.'s being estimated at $15,000. There is very little insurance.

From Robt. Ward, who was in Kamloops yesterday, the Times obtained some interesting particulars about the fire. The fire began about 4 o'clock in the morning in Vare's tin shops on the Thompson river side of the town. It originated in one of those little charcoal stoves used by tinsmiths for heating soldering irons, etc. The fire brigade at once turned out and they were assisted by nearly all the men in town. The flames spread with alarming rapidity, assisted by the terrific gale which was blowing at the time. After destroying Vare's place and Prior & Co.'s warehouse and store with contents, the flames crept across the street and soon the whole row of buildings there was blazing fiercely. The stream from the hose was so feeble as to be almost useless, the supply of water was very poor. Stephenson's jewelry store and the others mentioned were all in this line of buildings and were totally consumed. The Dominion land office also went down in the general ruin. Mr. Mara's house was badly damaged, most of the furniture being removed to a place of safety. The wind was so strong that large pieces of blazing wood were carried half a mile from the scene. But for a lucky change of the wind, Mr. Ward says, the whole town must have gone. The excitement among the citizens was immense, even the prisoners in the jail being taken from the cells as a measure of precaution, the aspect of affairs were so threatening.

Messrs. Prior & Co. had their stock insured for $10,000; their loss will be fully $15,000. Mr. Ward thinks the estimate of $100,000 as the total loss made by the Times correspondent rather high.

Snohomish, Sept. 16.—Fire broke out at 1:45 o'clock this morning in the basement of Bakeman & Co.'s furniture store. The fire department got to work promptly, but in a few minutes flames burst out all over the building. Rice & Gardner's meat market, adjoining Bakeman & Co.'s now caught fire, and by this time it seemed as though all Front street would be wiped out of existence. Ten minutes later the foundation of the Bakeman building caved in with the burning of the underpinning, the whole structure lunged with a terrific roar into the gully below, carrying Rice & Gardner's meat shop and the city fish market beneath it. Several firemen holding hose in the market building narrowing escaped being buried alive within the fiery debris. Good water service kept the fire from catching in the remainder of the block. The rear end of the Bakeman block overhung the gully and could be reached by the fire company only at great disadvantage. This was the seat of the fire from the beginning. The Bakeman building was honeycombed before the alarm could be given. Notwithstanding this the flames were kept entirely inside.

A conservative estimate places the total loss at $25,975, and insurance at $8000.

Klamath Falls, Or., Sept. 16.—But for the late rains and the absence of wind all the eastern business portion of the town would have been destroyed by fire this morning. The property consumed was: Howe & Parrish, newly constructed hardware building, $1500, no insurance; Mrs. H. F. Schallock, millinery store, $200, insurance, $600; C. S. Sergeant, music store, $6000, insurance, $4000; Mrs. Ellen Parker's residence, $500, insurance, $300; B. F. Van Brimmer, hotel property, $700, no insurance; Mrs. B. F. Greene's vacant building, $400, no insurance. It was evidently of incendiary origin and the fire bug is spotted.

Spokane, Sept. 16.—There was a big fire near Rathdrum, Idaho, yesterday morning, causing a loss of $75,000. The sawmill plant of Robert Miller was destroyed with three million feet of lumber. Eight other buildings were burned, including six houses in which mill hands were living, and they lost all their household effects. There was $25,000 in surance on the entire property, leaving the net loss $50,000.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., Sept. 16.—The town of Withe, 40 miles east of here on the Central road, is burning, the destruction being caused by forest fires. A company of the fire department, with an engine, just left for there by a special train. A westbound passenger train had a narrow escape from going through a burned bridge. The section men coming west on a hand car, turning a curve, ran on the bridge and went through, injuring one man fatally. Another swam the river and flagged the train, which was due in a few minutes. The Johns-Owen lumber plant is also reported burned. The trains are now running via Eau Claire, McMillan and Marshfield. In the town of Bloomer farmers have been fighting the fires in all directions. If rain does not fall soon nothing will be left.

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 16.—Near Merrill to-day two children of Fred Wegge were burned to death by the forest fires. Every square mile of the vast timbered district in Wisconsin is as dry as tinder, and the flames are sweeping without check. The losses will doubtless run into the millions.

RUSSIAN EXILES.

Muscovites in America Issue an Appeal for Justice.

New York, Sept. 18.—Within a few days the chairmen and members of the Republican, Democratic, Populist and Prohibition national and state committees throughout the country will receive a copy of a stirring address which has been issued by the Russian-American National League, and which, although addressed to all Russians, Poles, Lithuanians, Hebrews, Finns, and other former subjects of the Czar, is intended to arouse the people of the United States. It declares that the Russian treaty is a flagrant insult to Americans, that it is an iniquitous and disgraceful partnership with despotism, and that it must be abrogated.

Among other things the appeal says: "The extradition treaty with Russia is now an accomplished fact and has become the law of the land. Our government has extended a helping hand to Russian despotism. The traditional principles that this country be an asylum for all victims of political and religious persecution have been sacrificed at the altar of diplomatic manipulations, and Russian spies are about to become the guest of the American home.

"For over six years secret negotiations were carried on between the Czar of Russia and the representatives of this government. The American people never believed in the possibility of a compact like the one promulgated on the 5th of June, but to consult the will of the people was considered a thing of past democracy; the senate under the Republican administration ratified the treaty, the Republican president approved and signed it, the Democratic president exchanged and promulgated it, and the treaty is now a law which the people of this free republic will be coerced to enforce, or which will be coerced in their name.

"Who may dare call himself the representative of the people of Russia and of these persecuted nationalities? Certainly not those who are oppressing and ruining them, not the consuls, not the diplomatic agents and hired spies of the Czar! We Russian exiles, driven by those monstrous persecutions of the despotic autocracy of Russia, are the true representatives of the Russian people, and we shall be their spokesmen. We are here, about two million citizens of the United States of America. We demand recognition, and together with the American people, who have already raised their voice of indignation and protest against the infamous treaty, we must endeavor to prove to our senators that American liberty is still alive, and that the declaration of independence is not a dead letter. Organize, fellow-citizens, and let your voice be heard in the capitol at Washington! Declare to the parties that not a single vote of a former Russian subject, now an American citizen, will be cast for a party which will not make an issue of its platform the abrogation of the shameful treaty with Russia. Demand of your senators that they may at the next session of congress insist that notice of the termination of the treaty be given, pursuant to the provision therein. This iniquitous and disgraceful partnership with despotism must be dissolved at once; sons of a country born of revolution shall not aid a tyrant, who, to use Mr. Powderly's expression, 'starves his subjects, rides over virtue, honor, manhood and freedom.' The United States of America may, in the name of the people, enter into treaties with civilized countries, and may the time be advanced when the people of this free republic will sign a convention with the people of free Russia, but never with the Russian autocratic monster."

Married a Negro.

Kingston, Ont., Sept. 18.—Benjamin Quamodorn, colored, aged 26, a husband of a day, is in jail for perjury. He married Miss Margaret Jane Hollwood at Sharbot Lake, a white girl, aged 14, and took her to Mr. Dodd's residence, five miles away. The father of the bride was not aware that the couple were keeping company, but when he learned of their marriage he secured a warrant charging Quamodorn with perjury. The license had been secured by declaring that he had been given the father's consent. He was committed to stand trial on Thursday before Judge Price in Kingston.

Somebody is Lying.

Washington, D.C., Sept. 18.—Claus Spreckels and Minister Thurston, of Hawaii, are in the city, eagerly watching developments in Hawaiian matters as soon as the repeal bill is out of the way of the senate. Spreckels epitomized the situation as follows: "The provisional government of the Hawaiian islands is made up of sugar planters and the missionary element, who hope to profit by annexation through holding offices and receiving a bounty on sugar. The natives are overwhelmingly opposed to annexation, and but for pacific counsels the queen would have swept the provisional government out of existence long ago. Make no mistake about it, the natives are brave and will fight. They would have whipped the forces of the provisional government and the sailors and marines of the Boston too, but the leaders knew the uselessness of attempting to fight the United States. I regard the whole situation as a case in court and wait patiently the decision of the United States. There will be no trouble while the decision is pending."

On the other hand Thurston, the real representative of the Hawaiian provisional government, says: "The attitude of Spreckels is simply a matter of business. He wants cheap coolie labor, and knows that system would be done away with if the country was an American state." Thurston says the affairs of the island are most prosperous, which in itself indicates the success of the administration of the provisional government.

LEO'S LAST REFUGE

The Pope Protests Against Italian Government Action.

RELATIONS WITH VATICAN STRAINED

Spain Looked Upon as the Pontiffs' Future Home.

Should the Italians Drive Him From Rome—An Extra Heavy Collection of Peter's Pence Promised Throughout the Peninsula—Instructions to Monsignor Satolli.

Rome, Sept. 18.—The pope has sent a letter to Mgr. Satolli in the United States treating of religious questions. Among other things the pope expresses satisfaction at the union of the American clergy through the efforts of Satolli. As a protest against the church policy of the government, the pope will order on the 20th inst. an extraordinary collection throughout Italy for the Peter's Pence fund. The relations between the government and the Vatican are again strained, owing to the friendship shown to France by the latter. Arrangements are again being considered by the Vatican regarding the exile of the pope. The Vatican has applied to Spain on the subject of affording a refuge to the pope should he be driven out of Italy.

Promptly Lynched.

Rich Hill, Mo., Sept. 18.—W. M. Jackson, aged 23, was hanged by a mob here on Saturday afternoon for criminal assault on the 13-year-old daughter of Wm. Davis. The girl with her sister was returning from town when they met Jackson in a lonely place. The negro seized the elder sister, threw her down and committed a criminal assault upon her. The younger girl fled and gave alarm. The negro was soon captured and Saturday afternoon a mob took him from the jail and hanged him in the principal street of the town.

Claims to be Messiah.

Onset Bay, Mass., Sept. 18.—Henry B. Foulke, the president of the local mahatmas of the theosophists and spiritualists, announced today that he is the Messiah. He says he has been re-incarnated no less than seven times, and that Mme. Blavatsky came to prepare the way for his entry as the Christ and to straighten out the serious condition of things now existing in the religious and business world. He says he is in constant communication with "Shades," and that his announcement and actions are placed far beyond his personal control by the shades of the Thibetan brotherhood. He prophesies that war and bloodshed are soon to follow and that Socialism is soon to "come out on top." Foulke has made many converts. His strongest adherents are women. He makes no public or set speeches, nor does he attempt to mount the rostrum. He keeps away from the spiritualist leaders and mediums. He is unpopular with the old-time mediums, who seem to fear this new order of occult science.

Wedding in High Life.

London, Sept. 18.—The marriage of Miss Helen Murphy of San Francisco and Don Vincente Dominguez, son of Senor Don L. L. Dominguez, Argentine minister to Great Britain, took place today. The ceremony was performed by Cardinal Vaughan in the chapel of St. Edward and St. Peter, Westminster. The wedding was very private; there was only one bridesmaid, Miss Isabella Murphy. The bride was given away by Sir Charles Russell, attorney-general. She was attired in a plain white satin dress trimmed with lace and wore a vale of Alencon lace. After church services a reception was given them at the hotel in Berkerly square, which was largely attended. Don Vicente and his bride subsequently departed for Hastings, on the English chanel, where the honeymoon will be spent.

SPANISH AMERICA.

Managua, Nicaragua, Sept. 18.—The constituent assembly held its first regular session on Saturday. Its first act was to issue a decree liberating all political prisoners. It then received from its junta authority to conduct the government affairs of the republic. General Zelaya was then formally elected president of the republic and Gen. Orait vice-president. They will hold office, provided they are not overthrown, for five years, when a new constitution will be adopted. Peace prevails throughout the republic and there is every probability that it will continue.

Montevideo, Sept. 18.—Uruguay has contracted with the Argentina mint to coin another million of silver dollars, which are to be used to pay for the new armament. Silver is now at a discount. The action of the government has caused an unfavorable impression in commercial circles. The majority of the Valparaiso shareholders of the Bank of Valparaiso and National Bank of Agriculture have agreed to the proposed consolidation. It is believed the discountenanced shareholders will organize an opposition bank.

City of Mexico, Sept. 18.—Throughout the republic the anniversary of the Mexican declaration of independence is being observed to-day with patriotic exercises. Of late years the Mexicans have copied after the Fourth of July celebrations in their sister republic, and parades, fireworks and patriotic meetings have taken the place of bull fights and stealing exhibitions. There was a grand parade in this city this afternoon, the American residents being represented by and allegorical car containing twenty children robed in the stars and stripes. The city is beautifully decorated and triumphal arches span the principal streets.

BRITISH COLUMBIA JUDGES

Provincial Legislation is Necessary to Effect a Change.

THE POLITICAL LEADERS IN ONTARIO

Programme of Sir John Thompson's and Foster's Tour—The Liberal Leader's Triumphal Progress—An Interesting Incident.

(From our own Correspondent.)

Ottawa, Sept. 11.—I advised the Times by telegraph as to the result of Mr. McPhillips' visit to Ottawa in regard to the appointment of a new judge in British Columbia. Mr. McPhillips was appointed by the bar of the mainland to come here and see the premier, who is minister of justice, and get him to look into the matter of giving more assistance to the justices in that part of the province outside of the island of Vancouver, so that the cases which come up for adjudication might be more speedily disposed of than at present. This is an old sore, and British Columbia people are very much more familiar with it than it is possible for me to be, but it has got to be so much talked of that we in the east are more of less conversant with it. We have had Justice McCreight's opinion on the matter, although given calmly and quietly, and Premier Davie has also had his say on the subject. At any rate Sir John Thompson has placed the matter where it finally belongs. He told Mr. McPhillips that the province would require to do its duty before the Dominion government was called upon. When the province did attend to the organization or redistribution of districts, then the Dominion government would consider the question of appointing a judge to the new district. It apparently has not occurred to the local government that the administration of justice belongs to the province as well as the reconstruction of courts—that, in short, it requires an act of the legislature to make changes. Well, when this is done, Sir John Thompson says in so many words, it will be time enough for him to be asked to appoint a new judge. Before leaving Mr. McPhillips told your correspondent only that Sir John Thompson promised to look into the matter, although there were difficulties in the way of his doing so. It was not from Mr. McPhillips but from elsewhere that I was able to get the above facts.

The political tour of the members of the cabinet in western Ontario will commence at Belleville on the 21st inst. Mr. Harry Corby, M.P., some time ago invited Sir John Thompson to open his campaign in the west at Belleville, and the premier consented to do so. The date, however, could not be arranged until it was known when Lord Aberdeen would arrive, as the ministers had to be at Quebec to receive him. From Belleville the ministers will go to Elmira, in North Waterloo, where a meeting will be held on the 25th inst. In the evening addresses will be delivered at Berlin. On the following day there will be an afternoon meeting at Clinton, West Huron, and on the evening of the same day the ministers will speak at Stratford, North Perth. East Bruce will be visited the next day, Wednesday, when a meeting will be held at Walkerton. There will be two metings on Thursday in Bruce, at Tara and Southampton. On Friday the ministers will be banquetted by the Conservatives of East Grey, and the tour will close with a meeting on Saturday at Arthur, in North Wellington. At all those meetings Sir John Thompson and Mr. Foster will speak.

Prof. Selwyn, director of geological surveys for the Dominion, has returned from the Northwest. He visited the scene of the petroleum find at Egg Lake, 27 miles northeast of Edmonton. The professor states that he is fully satisfied that the find is genuine, but is not satisfied as to its extent. The petroleum sand rock found there is identical with that found on the Saskatchewan, and may be an extension of the beds existing there, or it may be merely a mass detached from the bar sands of the Saskatchewan and transported to its present location by glacier action ages ago. The lie of the country gives no indication in support of either theory, and there are no rock exposures to assist in deciding the point. The only way to decide the matter is by actual boring. Dr. Selwyn is desirous of seeing this commenced as soon as possible. If this deposit should turn out to be an extension of the tar beds of the Athabasca it could hardly fail to be of the greatest economical value. The indications are just such as are found in petroleum regions the world over. But even indications are not infallible proof of the existence of oil in paying quantities. That existence can only be settled by actual testing.

The tour of Hon. Wilfrid Laurier in western Ontario, which is not yet completed, has so far been very much more successful than the most ardent follower of his ever expected it would be. From the Atlantic to the Pacific the Liberal party is proud of the man who is at its head. The Liberals are more than proud of a leader who has got the same words to say to his audiences in Quebec and in Ontario. Mr. Laurier has not one thing to say to the people of Quebec and something else for the people of Ontario, or, for that matter, the Maritime Provinces or the Far West. His programme, which is supported by the whole party, is broad enough for all classes. Its very origin is British. It is the very opposite of the government programme of McKinleyism. For instance, he said in North York—and I use his own words: "The Conservatives tell you that they mean to reform the protective policy on the lines of protection. The Liberals tell you that we are going to reform it on the lines of freedom of trade."

If Conservatives would just think over these two sentences they would give up their everlasting looking to Washington and imitating the Yankees in all their vagaries regarding the tariff. There is a vast difference between the followers of Cobden and the imitators of McKinley. Mr. Foster, and those who support him in his views on the tariff are McKinley men. No one can dispute that. So far as it is possible to be a free trader Mr. Laurier and those who support him are free traders. In other words they are in favor of a revenue tariff. Tories say that we have got a revenue tariff. That's what they say but they know better. A great portion of the revenue taken from the pockets of the people finds its way to the pockets of combinsters. Particularly is this the case in regard to sugar. If it did not what would be the use of protection? What the Liberal leader proposes is that every dollar that is collected in the shape of revenue shall be used for the carrying on of the government of the country and that not one dollar shall be used to give protection to anybody. Now that is a difference which it is not only plainly to be seen but both stand opposite to each other as do the poles.

It was in many a way fitting that Mr. Laurier should open his Ontario tour in York. William Lyon Mackenzie's den as it has been known by to this day. It was here that Mackenzie sallied forth to fight all usurpers of unjust privileges. It was East York too that another Mackenzie snatched from Toryism and held it in defiance of the outstreched hands of the Toronto combinesters until death called him away. Although East and West York are to-day Conservative, it is not the voters of the county of York who chain the constituency to the wheels of the Tory chariot, but the votes of citizens of Toronto. There are no truer Liberals in Canada to-day than are the Liberals of York county. The descendants of the men who followed William Lyon Mackenzie, who elected Alexander Mackenzie, and who are proud to have for their representative the great Lafontaine, are to-day true to the political freedom which their forefathers suffered for and consequently proud to do honor to the people's Wilfrid.

The lowest estimate given of those who attended the Newmarket meeting are placed at 5000 and the highest at 10,000.

It was fitting too that a French Canadian should in the name of confederation appear before such an audience. If confederation is not a sham then his nationality cannot be a bar against his political preferment. On this point let me quote his own words: "Sir, the leader to-day of the Liberal party is a Canadian—a Canadian first, last, and always; a Canadian, I am proud to say, of French origin. Nay, I am proud of my origin. I belong to a noble race; but, proud as I am of my origin, still prouder I am of my title of a Canadian. My country is not confined to the limits of the Province of Quebec; my countrymen are not only those of French origin. My country is wherever the British flag floats in America; my countrymen are all those Canadians who bear allegiance to Her Majesty the Queen."

Then again take his reference about the electing of Lafontaine. He said: "We are all fellow-Canadians, and it is in this quality that I come before you. I come here in the spirit of Lafontaine when he came to you or your fathers 50 years ago. Nay, more, I come here in the spirit of confederation, because, if there is one thing more true than another, it is that confederation was made in order to blend all the conflicting elements we have in this country, and to make one nation, one common nationality of all. This is the aim for which, in an auspicious moment, such men as Brown and Macdonald forgot their old quarrels, and locked hands that they might bring about such a result."

Neither did Mr. Laurier forget to mention the school question. He had no sets of ideas of this matter and repeated what he told the people of Quebec. Equally manly and honest did he speak about the manufacturers. If he had to make his choice between the farmers and the manufacturers, although he did not view it in that light, then he did not hesitate to say that he would stand by the farmers. He said that in Montreal to a meeting of workingmen. He said so because they were 75 per cent. of the population.

An incident happened at Welland which is worth relating. Benjamin Wiggins, who was born at Lundy's Lane in 1812 and who followed William Lyon Mackenzie in 1837, on seeing the Liberal leader and hearing him speak rose amid the vast audience and said: "The spirit of William Lyon Mackenzie is here." Such are the Liberals of Canada and the stock from which they sprang.

SLABTOWN.

American News.

New York, Sept. 18.—No stronger evidence could be afforded of the restoration of confidence in banking and financial circles than the decision of the American Bankers' Association to reconvene the national convention which had originally been called to meet in Chicago two weeks ago, but which was indefinitely postponed on account of the troubled condition of the financial world. Advices justifying the holding of the convention are daily being received by the executive comittee from bankers throughout the country, and the prospects are that the attendance will be the largest in the history of the association.

St. Louis, Sept. 18.—For the second time within three months a systematic inquiry has been made into the condition of the business interests of this city. In the shoe industry the machinery and force are being run to their full capacity, and in the printing trade six days of ten hours are now general. Wholesale dry goods and clothing houses report an immense increase in business. The reluctance on the part of country merchants to order goods during the depressed period seems to have run them very short of stock, and heavy orders are the result. In the retail trade business is fully up to the average for this period of the year. The banks are lending money more freely and in real estate circles activity and good spirits prevail.

Rockford, Ill., Sept. 18.—After being closed ten weeks the Forest City Furniture company, the largest industry in this city, employing nearly 1,000 hands, resumed work this morning.

Chicago, Sept. 18.—This was the date set for the opening in this city of the international conference of Anarchists for the purpose of proclaiming to the world the great principle of human liberty and the solidarity of the human race. Owing to the fact, however, that some of the foreign delegates have been unable to reach this country in time it is announced that the event has been postponed for two weeks.

Chicago, Sept. 18.—The second and last week of the great international parliament of religions opened yesterday with religious services in the Hall of Columbus, in which representatives of a dozen faiths and creeds, representing the world from New Zealand to India, took part.

New York, Sept. 18.—It has been decided to hold the missionary council of the Protestant Episcopal church next month in Chicago instead of 'Frisco.

He turned, when preparing to die,
To the company that would have insured him
But now the big goat won't apply
Because Ezeljay's Lozenges cured him.
—Insurance Item.

Electricity in South America.

The modern marvels of electricity have not been appreciated by the Indians of the country, who have done their best to stop their importation. A telephone line has been laid down by the government between La Paz, Bolivia, and Lake Titicaca, 45 miles away, but the Indians got the idea that the much sounding talk of the white man that could be heard thus far would disturb the long sleep of their ancestors, and they stole the wire and used the poles as firewood. These were replaced, but at last the whole line was ruthlessly torn down, and the government was compelled to abandon it. The Indians next turned their attention to the electric light plant, which was being installed here, and awaited an opportunity to destroy it. After the plant had been in operation a few nights there was an eclipse of the moon. The Indians believed that the electric light was absorbing or swallowing the moon, and gathering in a body, moved upon the plant to destroy it. It was saved only by the intervention of a large body of troops. The government next day selected several representative Indians, took them to the power house and shocked them severely, then took them out along the line and shocked them again with the wires. After this they informed them that the electric light was an evil spirit, and that they had better leave it alone. The Indians were convinced that they could not fight against an enemy that could twist their muscles into kinks when miles away, and there has been no further trouble.—Electrical Review.

Special Notice.

Parties having card plates can have cards printed direct from the plates for $1.50 per hundred; engraved and copper plate supplied together with 100 cards for $2.50. At the Victoria Lithograph Co., cor Yates and Government sts.

A Young Poacher.

On a property where the rabbit shooting was strictly preserved, upon the southern coast of England, a boy was once caught with two dead rabbits in his possession, and nothing else that would account for their decease. A search of his pockets revealed nothing but two live crabs of small dimensions, the end of a candle and a box of matches. Under promise of release the urchin was persuaded to disclose his method of procedure.

First he selected a likely burrow and then he stripped off his clothes, putting his coat over one hole, his trousers over another and his shirt over the third. He lit the candle and dropped a little of the grease upon the crab's back and stuck the lighted candle thereon, and then put the crab at an unoccupied opening. Straightaway the frightened torchbearer fled sideways into the darkness and explored the innermost depths; while the boy, expectant as a terrier, awaited events outside.

Presently a rabbit bolted into the coat, and lo, rabbit and coat all rolled over together, the boy arising from the fray with the rabbit in his clutches. What happened to the crab the history did not relate. Let us hope that the candle was extinguished by other means than burning itself out.—London Spectator.

Mr. Robert W. Denvir

An Exempt Fireman of Jackson Engine Co. Long Island City, N. Y., says that at Christmas, 1890, he could only take a smell of dinner, as he was in a fearful condition from **Dyspepsia**. The next summer he went to Europe for his health, but came home uncured. In the fall he decided upon a thorough trial of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

And by Christmas had a hearty appetite, healthy digestion, and was perfectly well. His cure was due wholly to Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice and sick headache. Try them.

The Ideal Food for Infants

—IS—

Milk Granules

because it is practically identical in composition, taste and appearance with

Mother's Milk.

It digests thoroughly without causing an undue tax on the vital energies of the infant's stomach.

Ask for

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF

The Great . . Strength Giver.

If You Need a Tonic

TAKE

STAMINAL

It not only stimulates, but builds up and strengthens. You get a tonic and a food combined in the form of

Palatable Beef Tea.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land; forty more cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, Fort and Third street, Victoria.

Argyle House

• • •

DRY GOODS—DRY GOODS.
DRY GOODS—DRY GOODS.
DRY GOODS—DRY GOODS.
DRY GOODS—DRY GOODS.
DRY GOODS—DRY GOODS.
DRY GOODS—DRY GOODS.
DRY GOODS—DRY GOODS.
DRY GOODS—DRY GOODS.

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JUST RECEIVED
JUST RECEIVED
JUST RECEIVED
JUST RECEIVED
JUST RECEIVED
JUST RECEIVED
JUST RECEIVED
JUST RECEIVED

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One more case of imported

• • •

CORSETS, CORSETS, CORSETS.
CORSETS, CORSETS, CORSETS.
CORSETS, CORSETS, CORSETS.
CORSETS, CORSETS, CORSETS.
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CORSETS, CORSETS, CORSETS.

• • •

W. R. C.—P. D. STYLE.
W. R. C.—P. D. STYLE.
W. R. C.—P. D. STYLE.
W. R. C.—P. D. STYLE.

• • •

5 HOOK BLUE COUTILLE, $1.25 A pair.

5 HOOK GREY COUTILLE, EXTRA, $1.50 a pair.

5 HOOK GREY JEAN, EXTRA quality, $2.50 a pair.

5 HOOK GREY JEAN, EXTRA quality, very long, $2.50 a pair.

J. Horner & Co.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

BIG G
TRADE MARK
CURE YOURSELF!
Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only non-poisonous remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in 1 to 5 days without the aid or publicity of a doctor.
The Universal American Cure.
Manufactured by The Evans Chemical Co. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.
PRICE $1.00

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,
The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS . . Manager

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to revive, continue and extend the time within which the Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railway Company, incorporated in the session of 1891, may construct its works and for other purposes.

By order of Provisional Directors.

A. DECOSMOS,
President V. S. & N. W. Ry. Co.

Victoria, B. C., July 10, 1893. j10-4f

INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY

The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
NELSON, B. C.
(Mention this paper.)

Royal Agricultural and Industrial Society of B.C.

Exhibition

And Grand

Celebration

At New Westminster,

—ON—

Tuesday, Wednesday Thursday Friday, September, 26, 27, 28, 29, 1893.

$15,000 Prizes

This exhibition Celebration is the Largest in the Dominion west of Toronto, and the Liberality of the Premium List and Prizes is unequalled in Western Canada.

First Annual Meet. Division No. 11 Canadian Wheelmen's Association

To decide Provincial Championship. The most important cycling event ever held in the Province.

Acquatic Sports and Canoe Races

Which will include Indian Races in War Canoes.

Entirely new feature of a

Log Chopping Contest

In which a large number of the best Axemen in the Province will take part. This competition is open to all comers, and handsome gold medals will be awarded the winners.

Horse Races.

Championship Lacrosse Match

Victoria vs. Westminster. Also Junior Lacrosse Tournament for Championship trophy.

Rugby and Association Football Matches, sailors' Sports, Field Sports, Rifle Matches, Grand Ball and Promenade Concerts.

The Westminster City Band and other Bands will be present and dispense music throughout the Exhibition Celebration.

EXCURSION RATES have been secured over all Railway and Steamboat Lines for visitors and for freight rates on exhibits.

A. B. MACKENZIE, General Secretary.
T. J. TRAPP, President R. A. & I. Society.
D. S. CURTIS, Mayor, Chairman Celebration Committee.

Cowichan and Salt Spring Island Agricultural Society

Annual Exhibition

Will be held in the Society's Grounds,

AT DUNCAN'S

—ON—

SATURDAY, September 23, 1893

For the Display of Agricultural Produce, Stock, Etc., Etc.

W. H. ELKINGTON, President. ALEX. BLYTH, Secretary.

s26-d&wtd

"Land Registry Act."

Lot No. 1247 and Subdivision No. 15 of Lot No. 1257, Victoria City.

A certificate of indefeasible title to the above property will be issued to Joseph Dwyer on the 30th day of October, 1893, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said property, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT, Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, July 29, 1893. jy31-3m

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Pursuant to the Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890

Notice is hereby given, that Edward White, carrying on business at Number 61 Government street, in the city of Victoria, under the firm name of Brown & White, dry goods merchant, has assigned all his real and personal property, except as therein mentioned, to John Jost Austin, of the said city of Victoria, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying proportionately and without preference or priority, the creditors of the said Edward White. The said deed was executed by the said assignor and trustee on the 21st day of August, A.D. 1893, and the said assignee has undertaken the trusts created by the said deed. All persons having claims against the said Edward White must forward and deliver full particulars of claim, duly verified, to the assignee at Victoria, on or before the 21st day of October, 1893. All persons indebted to the said Edward White are required to pay the amount due by them to the said assignee forthwith. After the said 21st day of October, 1893, the trustee will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice. A meeting of the creditors will be held at the office of the assignee, 32 Fort street, Victoria, on Monday, the 28th day of August, instant, at 3 o'clock p.m.

THORNTON FELL,
50 Langley St., Victoria,
Solicitor for the Assignee.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN)

Removed to larger premises, at 16 Blanchard corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Flummerfelt, Gorge Road.

Unlike the Dutch Process
No Alkalies
—OR—
Other Chemicals
are used in the preparation of
W. BAKER & CO.'S
BreakfastCocoa
which is absolutely pure and soluble.
It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

Real Estate.

1 House, full sized lot, fenced, close to town only $650; cash $150; balance on easy terms at 8 per cent.; cheap.
1 House and Lot, Cralgflower Road, only $750; cash $200; balance at 8 per cent.; very cheap.
acre Blocks, $500; 1 acre Blocks at $600; easy terms.
50 acres of good Land, 9 miles from city, railway crosses it; very cheap, $30 per acre.
100 acres of good land; 9 miles from city; very cheap, $25 per acre.
100 acres, improved; 12 heifers, 5 pigs, 4 doz. chickens, 1 horse, 1 cottage, woodshed, stable, chicken house, etc.; $6000 good terms.
99 acres, Cobble Hill, fine improved farm, $4,500.
200 acres, Cobble Hill, improved; $3,000, very easy terms.
62 acres, Cadboro Bay, 4 miles from P. O., under cultivation, with improvements costing $7,000; land $300 per acre; improvements $4,000; good terms.
Easie lots, in good position, cheap.
Several good Houses to Rent.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government street' 2 door s.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for an act to incorporate a company to construct, equip, maintain and operate a line of railway from some point on the gulf of Georgia, in Delta Municipality, thence by the most feasible route to the city of New Westminster, with power to construct a branch line extending from some point in Delta Municipality in an easterly direction through the municipalities of Surrey, Langley and Matsqui to a point at or near Abbotsford.

Dated the 26th day of August, 1893.

BODWELL & IRVING,
Solicitors for the Applicants.
a29-tf

SNOWFLAKE
FLOUR
—:— FOR FAMILY USE, —:—
IS THE BEST.
Ask your Grocer for it. Have no other
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

The British Columbia Corporation,
LIMITED.

NOTICE.

The Offices of this Corporation have been removed from 76 Wharf Street to Temple Building, corner Fort and Langley Streets, Victoria, B. C.

ROBERT WARD & CO., Ltd. L'bity,
Managers and Agents.
Victoria, B.C., August 24th, 1893.—1m

Notice of Removal.

ROBERT WARD & COMPANY,
LIMITED LIABILITY.
Have removed from Wharf Street to their new Offices, Temple Building, corner Fort and Langley Streets, Victoria, B.C.
Victoria, B.C., August 24th, 1893.—1m

Estate of Harry Disher and Stephen Graham Campbell.

Assignment for the Benefit of Creditors.

Take notice that pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," by indenture dated and executed the 19th day of August, 1893, by Harry Disher, of No. 89 Herald street, in the city of Victoria, Province of British Columbia, and Stephen Graham Campbell, of No. 3 North Park street, in the said city of Victoria, carrying on business of grocers at No. 51 Douglas street, in the city of Victoria aforesaid, under the style or firm name of Disher & Campbell, the said Harry Disher and Stephen Graham Campbell, granted and assigned their real and personal property to Charles Fox Todd, of No. 218 Johnson street, in the city of Victoria aforesaid, and carrying on business at 72 Wharf street, in the said city of Victoria, merchant, and Joseph Clearihue, residing at Cadboro Bay road, in the said city of Victoria, and carrying on business at 26 Yates street, in the said city of Victoria, merchant, in trust for the creditors of the said Harry Disher and Stephen Graham Campbell. The said Charles Fox Todd and Joseph Clearihue accepted the deed and accepted the trust thereby created on the 19th day of August, 1893.

Dated the 21st day of August, 1893.

S. PERRY MILLS,
of 46 Langley street, Victoria, B. C.,
Solicitors for the trustees.
a21-1m

WANTED $25,000

THE STANLEY HOUSE

WANTED $25,000

General Dry Goods, Millinery and Mantles.

Owing to the stringency of the money market and hard times we have decided to reduce our New and Fashionable Stock by $25,000. To do this we offer the whole of our new SEASONABLE STOCK, consisting of some $60,000 worth of General Dry Goods, Millinery, Mantles, Hosiery, Etc.

AT COST

New Fall Mantles at Cost. | New Fall Dress Goods at Cost. | New Fall Millinery at Cost. | New Trimmings at Cost.

New Blankets at Cost. | New Dry Goods of all Descriptions at Cost.

A SMALL ASSORTMENT OF REMNANTS AND MANTLES, NOT THIS YEAR'S GOODS, AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE.

We Mean Business and have put the knife right in to the hilt. We expect no profits this season, except the satisfaction of reducing our stock by about one half.

= Opening of New Fall Millinery, Tuesday, Septenber 19th. =

The Store will be CLOSED for remarking and arranging Stock on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 18th.
Sale Commences TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19th. The chance of a lifetime to get your entire Fall outfit AT COST.
Remember the address

THE STANLEY HOUSE, 55, 57, 59 Douglas Street, Corner of Fort, W. S. HAMPSON & CO.

AMONG THE GORILLAS.

Observations Among the Baboons by a Famous Monkeyist.

The chief object of my visit to this wilderness being to study the habits of the gorilla and chimpanzee in a state of nature, I shall confine myself chiefly to them.

On reaching St. Anne in the Lake Ezhanga section, I selected a site for my cage, which I erected at once. It is located in the heart of the jungle, a trifle more than a mile from any human habitation, and I named it Fort Gorilla. It is near a grove of plantains on which the gorilla feasts with the gusto of a chartered member of the Gourmand club. He does not care so much for the fruit, but takes out the tender heart of the young stalk, which is quite succulent, and eats it with an appetite peculiar to his race.

Before my cage was quite in order to receive, I received my first visit from a young gorilla, who came within about thirty yards, as if to see what was going on. I had my rifle in my hand, but did not fire at him, as I desired to have him call again and bring his friends. He didn't tarry long, but hurried off into the bush as if he had something to tell.

Four days after the cage was completed I had a visit from a group which came within some thirty yards. The bush was so dense that I could not see them, but I could easily distinguish four or five voices which seemed to be engaged in a family brawl of some kind.

Pere Buleon, le pere superieure of Ste. Anne, tells us that he has twice seen a family of gorillas feeding in a plantain grove, and that, on both occasions, the father gorilla sat quietly eating the fruit which the others gathered and brought to him. I have learned from other reliable sources that gorillas are often seen in groups or families of twelve or fifteen and always have one which seems to be chief among them, and this one the natives call ekambo n'jina, which means gorilla king.

As far as it can be said that the gorillas have any form of government, it is strictly patriarchal, and there is reason to believe that they have some fixed ideas of order and justice. Many of the natives declare they have seen the gorillas holding a palaver, at which the king always presided, while the others stood or sat in a semi-circle, talking in an excited manner.

To my mind it is quite evident that the habit of the gorillas is to go in groups, although it is very common to see one quite alone or to see a single pair of them. I think, as a rule, when you see one alone, it is a young male who has set out in the world for himself, and the pair is perhaps a bridal couple.

The next visit I received was from a fine young chimpanzee, who came to an opening in the bush, where he stopped and took quite a look at the situation. He betrayed no sign of alarm and seemed half-way tempted to come nearer, but after a halt of nearly a minute he resumed his march with an air of great leisure, nor did he deign to turn his head to see if I followed him.

On the day after this a young gorilla came within six or seven yards of my cage and took a good peep at me. He stood for a few seconds, holding on to a bush with one hand; his lips were retraced and his mouth half open, as if surprised and perplexed at what he beheld. His countenance did not betray either fear or anger, but utter amazement. I heard him creeping through the bush before I saw him, and I don't think he was aware of my presence before he was so near. During this short visit I sat as still as a statue, and I think he was in doubt as to whether I was alive or not, but when he turned away into the bush he lost no time in getting out of reach. He uttered no sound except a suppressed umph!

At this moment I hear one tearing a plantain stalk within about thirty yards of me. I can hear only one voice, but as they do not talk much when alone I presume there are more of them not far away. He is uttering a low, murmuring sound which seems to express pleasure, but I am not yet able to translate it into English. Time and patience, however, will accomplish that and more.

It is a fact worthy of notice that some of the sounds uttered by the gorilla and chimpanzee are identical with certain sounds in the native language, and it is quite as easy to find letters to represent them. —s—s—st! —s—s—st! Oh, the precious moment! As I wrote the last words a dog from the mission was gnawing a bone within a few feet of my cage. Suddenly, at about thirty yards distance, there appeared a female gorilla with a young one on her back. Her whole attention was fixed on the dog, and her tread was so stealthy that I did not hear the rustle of a leaf. She was evidently bent on attacking the dog, and advanced until she was at a measured distance of eleven feet from him. With my rifle at my elbow I was prepared for action in an instant, for I did not want the dog killed. As I cocked my gun she sighted me, sat on the ground for a few seconds, and gave me such a look of scorn that I almost felt I had done wrong to interfere. She then turned away uneasily and retraced her steps with moderate haste, but she did not run or betray much sign of fear. The temptation to shoot her and capture the young one was great, but I forbore.

So far I have found no trace of any kind of structure built by gorillas, nor do I believe in the tales of their immense strength; further, the stories of their keeping women captive are discredited by the natives, who assert that they spare neither man, woman nor child. The gorilla is a powerful beast, but in combat with the chimpanzee it is currently stated that he always gets whipped and sometimes killed.—Prof. Garner in McLure's Magazine.

Science in the Kitchen.

Miss Boland, in her plea for science in the household, does not aim at introducing a chemical laboratory in the kitchen. What she inculcates is: first, such exactness of method in the preparation of dishes, based on experience, as will insure uniform results. But she demands a much higher plane of culture for the head of the kitchen than is required for this simple mechanical task. She should have (1) A knowledge of the chemical composition of food-substances, and of what is required for our proper support; (2) a knowledge of the methods of preparing and preserving food both cooked and uncooked, under such conditions of cleanliness that it shall be free from poisonous or noxious principles; (3) a general knowledge of the laws of health and nutrition.

A Celebrated Medical Professor Speaks!

A well-known and celebrated medical professor, writing on infant nutrition and feeding, says: "Coming now to the actual facts, the mother's milk may be often greatly impaired in its quality; and when there is a failure of nutrition for the infant child at the breast, it should always be looked to: If the mother's bowels, kidney, liver, skin, etc., etc. are not healthy, certainly the secretion of milk is not healthy, and so cannot afford a proper nutriment for the child. In not a few instances the milk furnished by the mother is absolutely too weak to sustain the child properly. The manner in which infants so impoverished will pick up when fed on Lactated Food is often amazing."

Mothers should bear in mind that the best physicians in Canada and the United States are now prescribing Lactated Food for the babies. No other food in the world has the same grand record for nourishing, fattening, and strengthening little ones. Baby's life depends upon pure food; see that your dealer gives you Lactated Food. Take no other.

Charlotte M. Yonge.

The 70th birthday of Miss Yonge has been marked by a presentation to her from admirers in all parts of the world. An album containing 5000 autographs and criticisms of her writings was left on her birthday at her house in the village of Otterbourne, Hampshire. On the front page is the following inscription, in an illuminated border:

"Charlotte Mary Yonge—We offer our hearty congratulations on your seventieth birthday, and desire to express to you the great enjoyment that we have received from your writings, and our belief that they have done much good in this generation. August 11, 1893."

Among the signatures are those of the Archbishop of York, the Marquis of Salisbury, the Earl of Selborne, Viscount Wolmer, the Bishops of London, Manchester Salisbury, Chester, Bath and Wells, Chichester, Leicester, Reading, Southwell, Cape Town, Connecticut and St. Helena, Bishops Selwyn, Jenner and Hobhouse, the deans of Winchester, Windsor and Salisbury, Canon Scott Holland, the Warden of Keble College, Mr. Balfour and several members of Mr. Gladstone's family, besides the local clergy and gentry. The Queen of Italy sent a large photograph of herself, bearing her autograph and accompanied by a congratulatory note.—London Academy.

Asiatic Cholera.

G. Klemperer contests the view put forward by Emmerich and Tsuboi that cholera really consists in a poisoning by nitrites. The chief reasons assigned by them are: (1) The resemblance in the symptoms and morbid anatomy in man and animals; and (2) the presence of methaemoglobin in the blood in both conditions. The author records experiments to show that the virulence of cholera bacilli does not run parallel with their powers of forming nitrites out of nitrates. No difference in nitrite-producing power could be made out between old and less virulent cultures and active and virulent cultures. Again, it has been proved by introducing small and non-fatal doses of the various bacterial poisons a specific immunity is effectually established; pneumotoxin thus protects also against the pneumococcus infection, the cholera poison against cholera, and the tetanus poison against tetanus. Experiments are recorded to show that small and increasing doses of potassic nitrite do not protect against a fatal dose of cholera poison, but vice versa. The author looks upon this as absolutely a crucial test. As regards the methaemoglobin, it is not always found in the blood of guinea pigs and mice dead of cholera. In eleven such instances the author (with Dr. Bein) could find no evidence of its presence. Methaeglobinuria is the expression of a profound action of the poison on the erythrocytes. A great number of poisons have this power. In other severe infective diseases methaeglobinuria has been described. Cholera poison can destroy the red cells in moderate doses up to polychromatophilia, and in large doses methaemoglobin may appear in the plasma. Thus the author looks upon the above named view as disproved.—British Medical Journal.

Helping Immigrants.

The head of the Astor family, says the San Francisco Chronicle, seems to have allowed his prejudice against the United States to extend to Canada. In a recent article in the Pall Mall Gazette an entire stoppage of assisted immigration to Canada is advised. The people who are helped to Canada generally bring up in the United States. The fact Mr. Astor regards as conclusive that Canada must be a pretty bad place to live in. It may never have occurred to Mr. Astor that immigrants are assisted not so much for the benefit of the country to which their faces are directed as for the good of that which they leave behind. In countries like England, where all the land and most of the money are in the hands of a few people, the cheapest way to maintain the existing condition of things is to hold open a way to some newer country.

The Brain of Women.

Prof. Ludwig Buchner, in citing the well-worn argument that the brain of women being relatively smaller than that of man, she must of necessity be man's inferior in intellect, says that the assumption in regard to relative size is generally true, and adds that the higher in culture the race the more perceptible does this difference appear. But the mere size or material expansion of an organ, particularly of the brain, gives a very imperfect measure of its capacity for action. It is easy to show that the small heads have not only equalled the big ones in their intellectual performances, but have often far surpassed them. The intellectual value of the individual brain does not depend upon mere size. In actual size the brain of the elephant or the whale far surpasses that of man; though in proportion to size of body man's greatly predominates. In proportion to her size the brain of woman is as large, perhaps even larger, than that of man.

Hood's Cures.

In saying that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures, its proprietors make no idle or extravagant claim. Statements from thousands reliable people of what Hood's Sarsaparilla has done for them conclusively prove the fact—HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES.

HOOD'S PILLS act especially upon the liver, rousing it from torpidity to its natural duties, cure constipation and assist digestion.

SALMAGUNDI.

An Excursion With the Scissors Through the Exchanges.

Mrs. Ada Van Bittenbender has been nominated for justice of the supreme court by the Nebraska Populists.

* * *

W. K. Vanderbilt's new yacht, the Valant, has been fitted up regardless of the financial stringency. The interior is artist's dream.

* * *

Making a mountain stream run over and above a railroad track is a unique piece of engineering that the Southern Pacific railroad is shortly to commence near Wright's station, in the Santa Cruz Mountains in California. When completed it will probably make the largest artificial cataract in the world.

* * *

In one of the towns of Connecticut the public archives show that a motion was made and adopted by the school trustees within two generations past that "it is the sense of this meeting that it would be a misuse of public funds to teach girls the back part of the arithmetic.

* * *

Every deliberative civil body in England, even down to the town councils, is provided with a mace, which is brought forth with solemn ceremony and placed on the table before the deliberations begin. In one or two city councils a candlestick of silver is added to the mace, and acts passed in the absence of these articles are supposed to be illegal.

* * *

Royalty has broken into literature on the syndicate system. Princess Maria de la Paz, wife of Prince Ludwig of Bavaria, has published a volume containing original contributions from 35 royal or princely persons.

* * *

Professor Karl Ludwig Peter, who died in Jena, Germany, a few days ago, was one of the best authorities in the Fatherland on Roman history, which he made his specialty. He wrote a number of works and enjoyed widespread fame for the thoroughness of his scholarship and the trustworthiness of his statements.

* * *

To see the World's Fair and walk through the buildings the grand total is something in excess of 118,000 feet, or nearly 23 miles. This estimate does not include, State, Government or private buildings; the Pleasance is ignored and no account is taken of the long jumps from one building to another. A walk of about 40 miles is necessary to do the whole thing up.

* * *

Bishop Gains of Georgia, president of the Baltimore African Methodist Conference, in speaking recently of the race question said that is would settle itself if busybodies would let it alone and give it a fair show.

* * *

Henry M. Stanley, undeterred by his defeat in the last parliamentary election, is out again as a candidate for North Lambeth.

* * *

Miss Chriott Mary Yonge, the novelist, recently passed her 70th birthday. She has given largely of the income derived from her more than 30 novels to church objects.

* * *

The Welsh in the United States claim that they are in number as many as their countrymen in Wales, and they also claim that one of their ancestors installed Columbus in the discovery of America by 272 years. They base their assertions on historical traditions and the manuscripts of old Welsh bards on the one hand, and on the prevalence of the Welsh in many of the languages of the Indians, both of South and North America, on the other.

* * *

Sims Reeves, the veteran English tenor singer, has been tempted once more from his retirement at the age of 72 by the offer of a fee of one thousand pounds from the managers of the summer promenade concerts in London for a series of 12 concerts.

Eseejay's Liver Lozenges are not bringing the dead to life or performing unheard of miracles, but they are bringing health and sunshine to many a home previously clouded with troubles resulting from biliousness and torpid liver. 25cts a box at all drug stores.

Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

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Contains no Alum, Ammonia, Lime,

LOST OR FAILING MANHOOD,
General and Nervous Debility,

Weakness of Body and Mind. Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Insomnia, Nervous Headache, Dizziness, Dimness of Sight, Lassitude, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Blotches, Emissions, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Wasting Diseases, Loss of Power in either sex, Impure Blood, Constipation, Wakefulness, Depression of Spirits, Pimples on the Face, Premature Decay, Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dullness, Loss of Ambition, Wrinkles, Loss of Flesh, Cold Feet, Cold Hands, Blue Rings around the Eyes, Bad Breath, Cold Sweats, Cold Extremities, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Palpitation of the Heart, Dizziness, Nervous Headache

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ARCHITECT.
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ARCHITECT,
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PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 78 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 84.

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Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

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Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are to bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver No. 5758, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja13 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jy8 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 139, R.A.M. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street, sojourning companions cordially invited.
j-15 E. LANGLEY, Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1,
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend.
E. PFERDNER, E. of R. & S.
oct8

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Secretary.

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Surgeon Dentist,
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Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving to all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-4-w

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In the Matter of the Estate of Disher & Campbell, of 81 Douglas Street, Victoria, Grocers.

Take notice that the trustees of this estate have granted and assigned all the estate and effects of the above named Disher & Campbell to Daniel Campbell and he is authorised to collect all book debts due and owing to the late firm of Disher & Campbell.

And further take notice that all persons having claims against the said estate must forward and deliver full particulars of claims duly verified to the trustees, Charles Fox Todd and Joseph Cheatham of Victoria on or before the 1st day of December, 1893. After the 1st day of December, 1893, the trustees will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice.

Dated 11th September, 1893.

S. PERRY MILLS,
Solicitor for the Trustees.
Victoria.
s11-1m

AMUSEMENTS.

LECTURE

REV. W. P. GEORGE, D.D.,
OF SEATTLE, WASH.,
will deliver his admirable Lecture on
"The Universe, Seen and Unseen,"
—ON—
MONDAY EVENING NEXT,
—AT THE—
Metropolitan Methodist Church.
Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock.
Admission 25 Cents at the Doors.
Proceeds in aid of Church Funds. Choir, under the leadership of Prof. Buck, will give an opening anthem. sept16td

VICTORIA THEATRE.
ONE NIGHT ONLY.
Tuesday, Sept. 19,
Under the Auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association.
Interpreters of the Masterpieces.
MABELLE BIGGART,
Author, Reader, Dramatist.
MARIE LOUISE GUMAER,
Contralto Soloist.
Admission 50c., Gallery 25c.
Reserved Seats, 25c. extra, at Jamiesons.
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MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

A YOUNG WOMAN wants situation as housekeeper in gentleman's family. Address C. N., Times office. s15-1w

FOR SALE—A Snap; 80 acres, all good land, 2 1-2 miles from Alberni townsite; worth $10 per acre, reduced to $3 per acre. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas St. s14

WANTED—A share of your fire insurance business by the Scottish Union & National Insurance Co. A. W. More & Co., agents, 70 Douglas street. s14

FOR SALE OR TO-LET—An improved farm near McPherson's station. Price reduced to $1200 or rent $5 per month. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. s14

PIANO FOR SALE—Grand, square, rosewood, originally $800 in London. Apply to David Coulter, North Saanich, or to Blair & Gordon, grocers, cor. Michigan and Menzies streets. s13-6td-1tw

MISS WARREN, pupil of Mr. and Madame Rodda (Miss Louisa Payne), London, England, is prepared to give instructions in singing and elocution. References kindly permitted to His Lordship the Bishop of Columbia, Mrs. I. W. Powell, Burdett avenue; Miss Dupont, 20 Scoresby street, and Miss Perrin, Bishop's Close. For terms apply to Miss Warren, 33 Birdcage Walk, Victoria. s11-1m

TO RENT—The American hotel and bar, 16 rooms and a fine large concert hall. The bar and fixtures all complete. Apply T. J. Burnes, Burnes House. s11-tf

TO LENT—A well furnished five room cottage. Good location. Possession given immediately. 42 Cadbora Bay Road. s8-tf

TO LET—A nine-roomed house with the privilege of buying the carpets and furniture. Apply to Mrs. E. H. Matthews, 337 Johnson street. Sept 5,2 wks

FOR SALE—Two 25 horsepower steam engines. Address Taylor Mill Co, P. O. box, 628, City. s9-1m

FOR SALE—Steam yacht "Angerona" of 14 tons burthen; can be seen at Turpel's Ship yard. For particulars apply to Thornton Fell, Langley street. jy31-1m

FOR SALE—A good paying business. Apply—B., this office. jo9-tf

British Columbia Milling & Mining Co'y,
(LIMITED.)
ASSESSMENT No. 24.
Notice is hereby given that an assessment of one cent per share has this day been levied upon the members of the above named Company, payable at the Company's office, No. 48 Langley street, Victoria, B.C., on or before the seventh day of October, 1893, from and after which date all shares on which said call shall then remain unpaid shall be deemed delinquent, to be dealt with according to law.
By order of the Board of Directors.
GEORGE A. SARGISON, Secretary.
Victoria, September 4, 1893. s6-15t

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The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
63½ Yates Street.
Clean Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25,
And guarantee all work for 12 months. Practic experience of over 25 years. mar4

SHAWNIGAN LAKE HOTEL
Splendid Summer Resort.
Good Fishing and Hunting. Cottages to let for families or parties. First-class accommodations. GEORGE KOENIG, Proprietor. ju30-4m

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders sealed and endorsed "Tender for the Work Estate Surface Drain" will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday, the 18th day of September, 1893, at 4 p.m., for the construction of the Work Estate surface drain.

Plans and specifications may be seen and form of tender obtained at the office of the City Engineer.

No material shall be used in the construction of the works, in the manufacture or preparation of which Chinese labor has been employed.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk's Office. C.M.C.
Victoria, Sept. 11, 1893.

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THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN, Manager

The Daily Times.

LORDS AS LEGISLATORS.

The Colonist quotes G. W. Smalley, the London correspondent of the New York Tribune, as an admirer of the British house of lords. Here is a republican critic, it says, who might have been expected to decry all things aristocratic, yet praising the aristocratic branch of the imperial parliament and its treatment of the home rule bill. Surely there is nothing new in a native of a republic becoming a snob. The fact is that the ranks of snobbery are very largely recruited from such, and Mr. Smalley is only a little more prominent than most of his fellows. Mr. Smalley praises a few of the aristocratic orators who took part in the home rule debate; but he takes good care to give no general certificate of ability to the "upper house." Another correspondent, possessing no such snobbish instincts, thus describes the august assemblage:

"It is abundantly proved that a composite photograph of those members of the house of lords who hold their seats by inheritance, not by appointment, would be the personification of weakness, mental, moral and physical, self-indulgence, selfishness, bigotry and intolerance. I have sometimes expressed the opinion that the English people are too firmly attached to the existing institutions of aristocracy to sweep away the house of lords if it opposed the popular will persistently. I must add the new conviction that the only safety for the great prerogatives enjoyed by the 400 peers who rejected the home rule bill Saturday morning lies in the mysterious seclusion from which they emerged last week. If their faces and forms should once be depicted before the English people their political doom would be sealed."

Of course there are able men in the house of lords—men who would be distinguished for intellectual power in any political assemblage in the world. But the ability shown by those men does not remove the disagreeable fact that there are hundreds of their fellow-members who are little more capable of deciding grave political questions than so many yellow dogs, yet they inherit the legislative power. As to the character of the "upper house," its own legislative record affords most ample testimony. The following compilation we quote from a contemporary:

To go back no farther than the beginning of the present century, the house of lords in 1807 rejected a bill for the advancement of education.

In 1810 they refused to consent to the abolition of the death penalty for stealing goods to the value of $1.25. At that time hanging was the penalty for over 200 offenses, from petty larceny to murder.

In 1825 the lords desperately resisted the repeal of the penal laws against Catholics.

In 1831 thy rejected the Reform bill, and did not finally retreat until the country was in the throes of incipient revolution and the king had been forced to threaten the creation of enough new peers to swamp the opposition.

In 1833 they refused to permit the establishment of national education in Ireland.

In the twenty-five years between 1833 and 1857 they seven times threw out the bill passed by the commons granting the ordinary rights of citizenship to the Jews.

In 1834 they refused to allow more than 20 persons to meet for worship in a private house, to legalize marriages in dissenting chapels, to open universities to dissenters and to permit their ministers to officiate in work houses.

In 1839 they insisted on retaining the penalty of death for sheep stealing.

In the same year, to show that their hostility to national education in Ireland was not entirely due to hatred of the Irish, they refused to permit its introduction into England.

In 1842 they refused to protect women and children working in mines against abuse, and for 30 years longer continued to stave off measures to guard miners from preventible accidents.

In 1844 they opposed the repeal of the laws that made it criminal for a Catholic in Ireland to teach a child to read, to stay away from Protestant service, or to own a horse worth more than $25.

In 1860 they rejected the bill relieving the press from the taxes on paper which had kept newspapers out of the hands of the poor.

In 1871 they refused to abolish the purchase of commissions in the army.

In the same year they threw out the bill introducing voting by secret ballot, the plan of viva voce voting previously in use having allowed free scope for aristocratic intimidation and bribery.

The home rule bill will no doubt have a history similar to that of the reform bill and other progressive measures which became law in spite of the titled nonentities who became legislators by inheritance. The lords have delayed it, but they can no more prevent its final passage than Dame Partington could keep back the Atlantic with her mop. It will be remembered that the vain opposition of the lords to the reform bill prompted Sidney Smith to give that same famous Partington anecdote to the much-amused public.

(In the British house of commons on August 24th, Mr. Hogan asked the postmaster-general whether he had observed in the Standard of Thursday, August 17th, a despatch from Berlin stating that the cable from Australia to New Caledonia, constructed by a French company, was the first section of a cable service from Australia to America via Samoa and Honolulu, and that the German imperial post office had expressed its readiness to grant a subsidy towards the construction of the Samoan connection. Also whether he had any information that would throw light on this alleged intention to construct a complete cable service under foreign management and control between Australia and America; and whether any steps had been or were being taken to give effect to the strongly expressed wishes of the Australian and Canadian delegates to the imperial conference held in London in 1887 in favor of the construction of a Pacific cable under British management and control.

Mr. A. Morley replied: "The answer to the first paragraph of the hon. member's question is yes, but I have no official information which bears out the statement. As to the second paragraph, the agreement which has been entered into by the French government with a company for a cable from Queensland to New Caledonia has been published, and I shall be glad to let the hon. member see a copy if he wishes. I am not aware of any steps having been taken to lay a cable under British management and control, but I ought to add that, as subsidies to submarine cable companies are not borne on the vote of the post office, the question is not one under my special control."

The new Pacific cable from Australia to California appears to attract even more attention in Berlin than in London, says the Berlin correspondent of the Standard. The section from Sydney to New Caledonia will be sixteen hundred kilometres, or about one thousand English miles, in length, and will probably be completed next week. The laying of the remaining sections to Fiji, the Samoan islands and Honolulu, and thence to California, will be proceeded with as soon as a complete agreement has been arrived at between the different governments concerned. The Frankfurter Zeitung states that the German imperial post office has already declared its readiness to grant a subsidy towards the expenses of completing the part between Fiji and the Samoan islands.

Here is a hint which, if acted upon, might prove profitable to the Victoria Gas Co. The Surveyor, London, Eng., says: "The experiment of supplying gas in pennyworths is not a new one, but it has never been so successfully made as by the South Metropolitan Gas Company. The workman who fights shy of the first cost of fittings, meter rent and the quarterly bill ahead, has to fall back on oil in unsafe lamps instead of the comfort, cleanliness, safety and cheapness of gas. In the South Metropolitan district this has now been remedied for him. The company fix, free of charge, the necessary pipes, automatic meter and fittings—the last including a slide pendent for the parlor, a bracket in the kitchen and another in the scullery, and a ring burner stove on which a kettle can be boiled. A penny put in the slot of the meter repeases a supply of 27 feet of gas, which will maintain an ordinary four-foot burner for about six hours."

At the laying of the corner-stone of the Salvation Army barracks at Aberdeen the Earl of Aberdeen gave utterance to these words of wisdom and liberality: "We cannot too often or too earnestly contend against anything that savors of religious bigotry. This insidious tendency, when fairly recognized, must be admitted to be one that strikes at the root of the most fundamental articles of Christian faith. It is absolutely inconsistent with the great and glorious truth of the fatherhood of God and the resulting brotherhood of man. Still more is it inimical to the most essential of the doctrines of Christ, the law of charity and love."

Montreal Witness: The Canadian sealers are rather sarcastic. They say, seeing that the British and Canadian governments are pleased with the regulations and do not think they will prevent sealing, that those governments should buy their vessels and equipments, which they will sell to them at cost, as they have no further use for them, being satisfied that the regulations are ruinous to their business. Those who congratulated the Canadian ministers over the result of their labors before the Arbitration will perhaps jump at the offer of the sealers.

Montral Witness: It is the protection policy, the protection, tariff, which was to have made the country populous and has deprived it of people and driven people out of it; it is protection which was to have made farmers prosperous and has actually impoverished them; it was protection which made many magnificent promises and fulfilled none of them that is to blame and not the country. It is protection, which we borrowed from the United States, which has failed in Canada, as it has in the United States, and which will be condemned here at the polls as it has already been condemned there.

MUSINGS BY NIAGARA.

Material There for Reverie—Lundy's Lane and General Brock.

(From our Own Correspondent.)

To the student of Canadian history the whole neighborhood of Niagara teems with interest; every inch, almost, is historic ground. From the head of Goat island we see in the distance Navy island, so celebrated in the "Patriots'" struggle. It was from here in the first year of the present reign that Mackenzie declared Upper Canada a republic. As we look fancy we see his liberty flag floating in the air, and we try to imagine what the face of the country was like 56 years ago. From this point the Canadian town of Chippewa can also plainly be seen, and about a mile and a half west of the Falls, also on the Canadian side, is Lundy's Lane battle ground. This battle, we remember, was fought on a midsummer night in the year 1814 and resulted in a decided victory for the Anglo-Canadians over the Americans. "The war of 1812" assumes a reality to us that it never before had as we stand here and overlook the very theatre of the war. Three miles farther down is what is locally called "Top of the Mountain." There are no associations of interest connected with it; it is visited simply on account of the pleasant drive and the grand view which it affords. Just below is the village of Lewiston, which was founded so long ago as 1679 by the daring young explorer of the Mississippi, Robert La Salle. On the opposite shore is Queenstown. Between, calm and majestic, flows the now quiet river. In the far distance on either side stretches a richly-wooded landscape, dotted with farms and cottages. Our allotted time has come and we must leave all this and journey on towards Toronto. We left Niagara about 4 o'clock in the afternoon of what had been a perfect day. It must have been a day like this which inspired Longfellow to write: "O gift of God! O perfect day! Whereon shall no one work but play—whereon it is enough for me not to be doing but to be!" It was our thought exactly. We felt that merely to live was joy enough on a day like this. A fine new electric road has been built from Niagara to Queenstown, and we voted it the ideal way to travel; no noise, no dust, no steam; quick, safe, pleasant. The road follows the river bank, and on the American side across the river we could see their steam car line. The river was intensely blue, and the dark green of the surrounding foliage was relieved by the first rich tints of autumn. The view seemed strangely familiar to me and I wondered why till I suddenly remembered of what it reminded me. It was just this time of year when I took my first trip on the E. & N., and the view before me was like the first glimpse one catches of the Saanich Arm winding its blue length in and out among rocky islets, with here and there a yellowing maple in the background. We got a splendid view of Brock's monument. The handsome shaft was erected by the British government to the memory of Sir Isaac Brock, the commanding hero of the battle of Queenston Heights. The statue surmounts a shaft of fluted freestone 185 feet high, and from here we get our first view of Lake Ontario as it lies in front of us, studded with white sails. At Queenston we boarded the Chippewa for Toronto. The steamer was crowded with excursionists, for it was Saturday, and an outing on the lake seemed to be the correct thing. Arrived at the dock everything was as still as if it had been a Sunday midnight. The modest hackmen stood diffidently at the side of the road and just barely whispered: "Hack, sir? Carriage ma'am?" The whole thing was irresistibly funny after the noise, clamor and bustle of Chicago. Next morn we took the famous "belt line" street car around the city. If the number of churches be considered a fair index of the religious status of a people, then truly the city merits its title, "Toronto, the Good." But this, I contend, is a false hypothesis. True religion requires something more, surely, than fine churches and loud protestations. "A daw's not reckoned a religious bird, although he keeps acawing from a steeple."

A. D. CAMERON.

FATHER VAN NEVEL MISREPORTED.

To the Editor.—In your issue of Monday the 11th you quote an extract from the Marysville Appeal which does me a glaring injustice and places me in a false position before this community. I wish to correct the wrong impression that must have been created, and I trust that, with your known fairness, you will give my communication as much publicity as was given to the article complained of.

The whole difficulty arose from a misunderstanding. There are certain societies which are positively forbidden by the Catholic church, others, called secret societies are tolerated until such time as, after mature examination, the church should condemn. The resolution which I introduced in the Y. M. I. convention was in the form of an amendment to the constitution. It did not aim at secret societies but at forbidden societies. We have in the Y. M. I. some good and earnest workers, who also are members of secret societies. I will be the last to attempt to debar them from membership in the Y. M. I. as long as the societies to which they belong are not positively forbidden by the church. When a brother of the Y. M. I. joins a forbidden order, he at once forfeits his membership in our order. But it is easier for him to disprove his connection with any such society, than it is to prove his affiliation with the same, as an outsider has no access to the books of the society. Therefore the sole object of my amendment was to put the burden of the proof on the accused party, as you can judge from the amendment itself and which reads as follows:

"No. 31.—Art. II. Add to end of section 2, page 60: 'Should it be charged that a brother, at the time of his initiation, was a member of a society forbidden by the church, or that afterwards he joined any such society, unless he disprove the charge and his disconnection with such society, within fourteen days after notice has been given him, he shall by the president, be declared expelled from the Young Men's Institute.'"

You see no reference whatever is made to secret societies. After a lengthy debate and after it was pointed out to me by some of the legal luminaries of the Grand Council, that the object sought could be obtained by some other method, I withdrew the amendment, and it was not put to a vote; consequently it was not defeated. Now, with regard to the speech of Father Slattery, I must say that in the form it appeared in the Marysville Appeal and reprinted by you it was a most garbled report of what the Rev. gentleman said. When the amendment was brought up for discussion, Father Slattery undertook to explain the teachings of the church regarding forbidden societies and secret societies, and interspersed his discourse with some humorous remarks which were evidently misunderstood by the party who reported, or rather misreported, his speech. This member was not one of the press committee, nor had he a right to give any information to the press. On the following morning when this report appeared in the Marysville Appeal, Father Slattery most indignantly resented the false construction which had been placed upon his speech, and when the Grand Council re-convened he was the first to rise in his place to protest against the manner in which he had been misrepresented and misreported; he inflicted a most severe rebuke on the party who had drawn upon his own imagination and put such a ridiculous construction on his speech. Father Slattery stated that the clergy were a unit on the question of forbidden societies and of forbidden societies, and that he did not differ with me on any material point. This proves then conclusively that it was incorrect to state, in your issue of the 11th, that I was seeking to debar members of secret societies from membership in the Y. M. I.

I trust that you and your readers will pardon this lengthy communication; my excuse is that it takes more time to right a wrong than to inflict one.

J. A. VAN NEVEL.

We, the undersigned, colleagues of Father Van Nevel at Marysville, testify that we have read the above article and that it is a full and correct statement of the facts as they occurred. We sincerely regret the reproduction of the article of the Marysville Appeal in the Times of the 11th, as it greatly wrongs the esteemed president of our own council.

F. J. SMITH,
DAN. McDOUGALL.

A MIDNIGHT CONFIDENCE.

I am a Jersey 'skeeter, and I revel by the sea,
A-biting dudes and common folk in manner bold and free;
To-day I'm full of English blood; to-morrow every vein
May hold the bluest, richest gore that ever came from Spain.

Another day I'm like as not to sing "Die Wacht am Rhein,"
From having bit a German when perchance I came to dine;
And there are times when, reeling on my happy daily ways,
I take a nip that's Paris-bred and hum the "Marseillaise."

Oftimes I am a Russian from my wing-tip to my bill;
Oftimes I hold the richest blood you'll find on Murray Hill.
Sometimes I take a mixture, but I find it does not pay,
Unless I wish to suffer pain for many an anxious day.

For I have found that when I've bit a Britain and a Celt,
I'm pretty sure to suffer in the regions of my belt;
And when a Frenchman I have nipped, of Germans I keep free;
I do no want a battle-field down in the midst of me.

From which I think 'tis evident, while seeming free from care,
I have to keep a watchful eye upon my bill of fare;
And that is why I stick by you, my friend, the livelong night:
I'm dieting—and if I may, I'll have another bite.

—John Kendrick Bangs in Harper's Weekly.

An Exacting Critic.

"Appearances are often deceptive," said Theophilus Greathead, as he settled himself comfortably in his chair and lighted a fresh cigar. "I have lived much as other men have, and pride myself on being an exceedingly keen observer. I must admit, however, that there are times when I make most serious errors in judging persons and things. I was in a large art room the other day, when a young woman of most distinguished appearance entered. She had come to the place in a handsome equipage, and a footman had accompanied her as far as the door of the establishment. Her mail followed at a respectful distance. There was such an air of noblesse oblige, admixed with even hauteur, about the young woman, that I at once felt that I was in the presence of a person of the most aristocratic pretensions. Involuntarily I re-arranged my necktie, adjusted my coat, and took a survey of myself in a convenient mirror. The majestic creature seemed greatly interested in the works of art about her, which she surveyed through her lorgnette in the most critical manner. There was a frown upon her aristocratic features. 'Ah,' I said to myself, 'here is a young woman who has so high an ideal of the great in art that the splendid paintings here seem to her to be but mere tawdry.' The superb woman turned, and, stamping her foot petulantly, said to the proprietor:—'Them is all very fine, but I wants a oblong picture.'"—New York Tribune.

Millinery Display.
Ladies you are respectfully invited to our millinery opening on Tuesday, Sept. 19th. Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street. Newest styles, latest shapes from the eastern markets. J. Partridge.

While pills and other purgatives only relieve biliousness and sick headache, leaving the victims more prone to sluggishness of the liver, Ecclay's Liver Lozenges cure positively and permanently.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

SOMETHING NEW

A Five Ounce Bottle of

Vaseline

For 25 Cents.

COCHRANE & MUNN,

Prescription Druggists,
Cor. Yates & Douglas Sts

Millinery Display.

Ladies you are respectfully invited to our millinery opening on Tuesday, Sept. 19th. Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street. Newest styles, latest shapes from the eastern markets. J. Partridge. *

To Search the Empress.

Chief of Police Jackson is still in the city prosecuting the search for Adolph Krug, Seattle's absconding city treasurer. The chief searched the Warrimoo and offered $1,000 for any of the crew who would turn him up. The reward was not earned. The chief will search the Empress of China to-night and see that he does not board her here. It is believed that Krug is being aided by Seattle people, as there are undoubtedly a number there who do not care to see him back. The American officers who are at work in British Columbia say they are in a measure retarded by outside influences.

Small Boy Burglars.

A gang of small boys burglarized two stores on Douglas street on Sunday. They entered the grocery of McMillan Bros. and took away a large quantity of canned goods, cigars, cigarettes, etc., and eight dozen eggs. Part of their stolen booty was made a feast on in the store of G. L. Simpson, who keeps a toy establishment two doors lower down the street. The empty tins they left behind, but took away a quantity of penknives, mouth organs, broke open the cash till and stole a small sum of money. They entered by the rear windows, not breaking open anything, but working the latch on the window back with a small penknife. They also attempted to enter Duncan's saddlery store.

The Warrimoo's Departure.

The steamship Warrimoo went to sea early yesterday morning. She had over 1000 tons of freight made up in the east, British Columbia and California. The following passengers left on her: Col. Allsopp, England; Mr. George W. Bell, South Bend; Hon. Mackenzie Bowell and servant, Ottawa; Mr. W. F. Buchanan, Winnipeg; Mr. J. Carleton, Ottawa; Mr. and Mrs. S. Clementson, Boston; Col. Dalton, R. A., Mr. W. Evans, England; Mr. Sanford Fleming, Ottawa; Miss Fleming, Ottawa; Mr. R. C. Ferguson, Vancouver; Miss Hempstead, Seattle; Mr. John Pritchard, London; Mr. and Mrs. Rigby, Victoria; Mr. J. L. Payne, Ottawa; Mr. Rogers, England; Mr. Rothwell, Honolulu; Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Turton, Melbourne; Mr. A. Tieman, Antwerp; Mrs. Young and children, Seattle; Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Wright, Auckland.

Dr. George's Lecture.

In accordance with announcement Rev. W. P. George, D. D., of Seattle, occupied Metropolitan Methodist church pulpit morning and evening. The morning's discourse was replete with interest and instruction. The subject was "Worn-out weapons in the church's museum"; and it is needless to say it was handled in a masterly manner. Chief among those weapons was unbelief, which was dwelt upon at considerable length and riveted the attention of the audience to a remarkable extent. The evening's sermon on the "Cause and cure of infidelity" was a continuation of the same line of thought as was presented in the earlier part of the day and was even more absorbing in interest. Congregations were larger, particularly in the evening. This evening the doctor will deliver his lecture on "The Universe—Seen and Unseen," which for grandeur of imagery and scientific accuracy is said to be seldom surpassed. Chair will be taken at 8 o'clock by the president of the B. C. conference. An opening piece of music will be rendered by the church choir under the leadership of Prof. Buck.

IN A QUANDARY.

Anti-Chinese Clauses in Specifications Cause Trouble.

The contractors who are tendering for the Work estate surface drain are in a quandary. The specifications distinctly state that no material in the manufacture of which Chinese labor has been employed, shall be used. On the bulletin board is a notice of motion to repeal the clause. Both the motion and the tenders will be considered at this evening's meeting of the council. The contractors, not knowing that a move would be made to enforce the clause tendered according to the specifications. They sent to Seattle, where Chinamen are not employed by the brickmakers and got a price for bricks. The lowest tender received from Seattle was $11.50 a thousand to deliver bricks at the wharf. This would make the price $12.50, as the contractors would have to pay $1 a thousand for unloading and hauling. The Victoria brickmakers deliver bricks, where the contractor is working, for $8 a thousand.

If the clause in the specifications is repealed new tenders will probably be called for.

Rifle cartridges, loaded shot shells at Shore's hardware store, 57 Johnson street. *

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Ald. James Baker was sworn in today by Hon. Justice Walkem.

—Rev. Dr. Campbell conducted the services at the Y. M. C. A. last evening.

—Court Vancouver, A. O. F., will meet this evening for the election of delegates and initiation of new members.

—The annual meeting of the Victoria Chess Club will be held on Thursday evening for the election of officers.

—The Great Northern railway company have just issued a large map of the districts through which their railway runs.

—Richard Hughes, a longshoreman, while out Saturday picked up a sealing boat with two oars at the mouth of the harbor.

—A case of infraction of the Game Act will come up in the provincial court on Tuesday afternoon. The alleged offender killed hen pheasants.

George Sweeney, convicted by Magistrate Macrae in the police court of supplying liquor to Tom, Siwash, was sentenced to a month in jail.

—There is a very fine display of Leed's art flower pots in the window of Jacob Sehl's store. The handsomely dressed window is also worth seeing.

—A. Tripp and Miss Mary Robertson were married on Thursday evening last at Rev. P. McF. Macleod's house, Boyd street, that clergyman officiating.

—"Scotty" Reid was arrested on Fort street this morning. Reid was drunk and lying in the gutter. A practical joker had painted "Scotty's" face.

—The new Japanese drapery crepes and leather paper hangings just opened at Weiler Bros.' are very effective and the prices low for such elegant goods. *

—Eight Chinamen, two Chinawomen and three Chinese children came up on the City of Kingston yesterday. They go away on the Empress of China today.

—Call on Dr. Findley and have your teeth examined. He makes a specialty of fine gold fillings, crown and bridge work. Prices to suit the times. Office, 86 1-2 Government street, upstairs. *

Messrs. Harrison and Walkley have been awarded the contract by John Teague for making 72 conections with the surface drains. They commenced work this morning on Scoresby and Belot streets.

—It was rumored around this morning that some of the sealing people had received favorable advices from London on the prospects of prices at the October sales. The report could not be fully verified.

—The funeral of the late Mrs. F. T. Gregg, who died at Nanaimo, will take place to-morrow from the E. & N. railway depot upon the arrival of the train. Services will be held at the Reformed Episcopal church.

—The friends of William McDowell have asked him to stand for election as an alderman from James Bay ward in the stead of Ald. McTavish. Mr. McDowell will, it is understood, probably accept nomination.

—Ald. Robertson has two notices on the bulletin board, one asking for full particulars regarding the Broad street local improvement by-law and the Oak Bay avenue improvement by-law, the other regarding the improving and enlarging of the city water supply.

—An "At Home" will be held on Wednesday evening, commencing at seven o'clock, at the residence of A. J. McLellan, on the Gorge road. The ladies of the Centennial Methodist church have charge of the arrangements. A good programme has been prepared.

—A dispatch from San Francisco says that three of a party of Japs recently landed from Tacoma have been recognized by Comissioner McPherson as members of that party of 49 Japs who arrived at San Francisco from Victoria a month ago and were deported back again.

—Two young girls who have just taken their first steps on the high road to shame are seen on the principal streets of the city at all hours of the day and night. They hail from the Sound and the police should send them back there for confinement in some reformatory. Neither one is over 18 years of age.

—The Empress of China will leave Vancouver at six o'clock this evening—an hour when the tide wil permit her to leave the narrows. She will be off the outer wharf at 11 o'clock and will leave at midnight or a little later for Yokohama. She wil have nearly 110 cabin passengers, or about all she can accommodate. A number of Chinese will take passage.

—C. B. Lockhart has disposed of his undertaking business to W. J. Hanna of Toronto and R. E. Taylor of Pittsburg, Pa. They have already assumed charge of the business under the firm name of Hanna & Taylor. Both are experienced undertakers and will undoubtedly do a prosperous business. Mr. Lockhart will probably pay a visit to the east before he interests himself in any new line of business in Victoria.

—L. D. Ross of Seattle, who has come in for considerable notoriety and censure in connection with the defalcation of City Treasurer Krug, left for the Sound last evening. He was given a scorching in yesterday's Post-Intelligencer about gambling and the insinuation was made that he too had skipped. He went home to answer all of the charges against him. He stated that he came here to find Krug himself and try and induce him to come home.

—A meeting preliminary to the organization of a central temperance union here was held in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A. on Saturday evening. The various temperance and Christian endeavor societies and churches were represented and Rev. J. E. Coombes was chairman. The objects of the organization were fully explained and a committee was appointed to correspond with the prohibition club of Vancouver, and if deemed advisable, to organize a similar club there. Another meeting will be held next Saturday.

—H. M. S. Royal Arthur and the other ships of the fleet which have been cruising along the east coast, returned to Esquimalt yesterday. They were out at target practice to-day.

—The remains of Ralph Starratt will be buried to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock from Hanna & Taylor's undertaking parlors. The crews of the different sealers will all be represented and there will be a band in the procession.

—A special from San Francisco on Saturday says: Among the passengers who arrived here yesterday on the steamer City of Puebla were 20 Japanese who took passage at Tacoma. Immigration Commissioner McPherson recognized three of them as members of the party of 49 Japs who arrived here from Victoria a month ago and who were deported to that place on the ground that they were contract laborers. The inference is that the men by some means have succeeded in crossing the Straits of Fuca to Puget Sound ports from Victoria.

—At the Sir Alexander Mackenzie centennial concert to be given in Institute Hall, View street, on Thursday evening, the following will appear: Mrs. McCandlish, Mrs. Clark, Miss Jamieson, Miss Hutcheson, Miss Leitch, Messrs. Rollapd, Brownlie, Keith, Anderson, Begg, Patterson, Mellon, E. Wolff and Rene Quentin. Miss Strachan will dance the Highland fling and Mr. Anderson the sailor's hornpipe. Mr. Mellon will give "Bruce's address to the Scots at Bannockburn." Another feature will be Monsieur Quentin's song in French.

—In the police court John, Mary Ann, Jack, Joe and Peter, Indians, were each fined $5 and costs for getting drunk. Tom and Johnson, Indians, were fined $25 for having whiskey in their possession. Walter Peterson and William Reid, drunk, were convicted and discharged. First offence. John Saville, drunk, was fined $5 and costs. Patrick Sweeney, drunk, fined $10. John Turkald was convicted of stealing apples from the orchard of Andrew Lang One month. Suen Gin did not appear to prosecute Hong Sun, whom he charged with the theft of $45. Sun was discharged.

—The swimming and Turkish baths in the Five Sisters block, which were left unfinished some months ago owing to some trouble between the contractor and the projectors of the enterprise are to be finished and opened to the public in a few weeks. The swimming bath is 52 by 20 feet, has a sloping bottom giving a depth of four feet at one end and eight feet at the other. There are dressing boxes at each end, a plunge board and spectators' galleries. The swimming bath will hold 30,000 gallons of water and the temperature will be kept at 70 Fahr. In an adjoining room will be a shower and other baths. The building will be lighted by electricity and well heated and ventilated. The Turkish baths in the basement are to be fitted up very finely, and will compare with any on the Pacific coast.

—A meeting of prominent citizens and property owners was held in the board of trade rooms, New Westminster, and took the first steps towards organizing a property owners' association. Mr. Brymner was unanimously called to the chair and Mr. Duncan requested to act as secretary. After a good deal of discussion about the desirability and possibility of advancing the city's interests in various ways, the following resolution, which was moved by Mr. C. J. Major, seconded by Mr. A. J. McColl, was unanimously carried: That it is expedient to form an association to be known as the property owners' association, whose object shall be to take steps which may be expedient for promoting the progress and best interests of the city, and to act in conjunction with the city council and the board of trade, and that Messrs. James Cunningham, Jno. Hendry, Alex. Ewen, B. Douglas, W. H. Keary, J. C. Armstrong, J. W. Harvey and T. J. Trapp, with power to add to their number, be a committee to report at a meeting to be held on Friday evening, 22nd inst., and that this meeting be adjourned to that date.

Store to Rent

Corner of Fort and Blanchard streets. Apply to Russell & McDonald, 134 Douglas street.

Millinery Display.

Ladies you are respectfully invited to our millinery opening on Tuesday, Sept. 19th. Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street. Newest styles, latest shapes from the eastern markets. J. Partridge. *

Madame Laird.

Having resigned her position at the Conservatory of Music, has opened a studio for instruction in vocal music at her residence, 161 Vancouver, street, corner of Pandora. *

PERSONAL.

H. A. Simpson is down from Nanaimo.

Theo H. Robinson is down from Inverness.

R. E. Gibson, of Nanaimo, is at the Oriental.

S. A. Spencer, of Alert Bay, is at the Oriental.

R. Collister returned from the Mainland last night.

J. L. Beckwith has returned from a trip to Scotland.

H. E. Harlock, of Ladner's Landing is at the Driard.

Hon. D. W. Higgins returned from Seattle last evening.

George Findland and wife have gone to reside in Portland.

Miss Hammond, of Port Townsend, is visiting in this city.

Baron Regnault, of Versailles, is registered at the Driard.

Hon. A. N. Richards returned from the Mainland on Saturday.

Miss Minna Hastings is back from a long visit to Port Townsend.

Dr. S. D. Pope, superintendent of education, and Mrs. Pope returned from the Sound on Saturday.

Allan Cameron, general agent for the C. P.R. at Portland, spent Sunday in the city visiting his many friends.

Dr. M. Pritchard, editor and proprietor of the Sierra Valley Leader, of Sierraville, California, passed through the city on Saturday for the World's Fair.

Marine.

New York, Sept. 18.—Arrived: Fulda, Genoa; Linda, Shields.

Arrived out: La Champagne, at Havre; City of Rome at Moville.

Sighted: Moravia, for Hamburg, passed the Lizard; Dubbadee for New York, passed the Isle of Wight.

Sailed from foreign ports: Campania Atlas and Elbe for New York.

Special Notice.

Parties having card plates can have cards printed direct from the plates for $1.50 per hundred; engraved and copper plate supplied together with 100 cards for $2.50. At the Victoria Lithograph Co., cor Yates and Government sts. *

DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder. No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

SPENCER'S ARCADE.

Millinery Opening

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13th, and Following Days.

The Newest Paris, London and New York Styles.

The Stock of Untrimmed Walking Hats and Trimming Materials has been very carefully selected and Prices will be found moderate.

D. SPENCER, Government St.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES

Daily Chronicle of Events in The Great Republic.

New York, Sept. 18.—Five new cases of small-pox and seven suspected cases were reported to the police authorities in Brooklyn. They were removed immediately to the pest houses. The cases are declared to be of the most malignant type. The house in which the cases were found is a tenement occupied by eight families, or about 40 people.

Newark, N. J., Sept. 18.—A secret conference was held yesterday between representatives of the English syndicate which purchased a number of breweries in the United States and representatives of other breweries. It is understood that the suits for conspiracy brought by the English syndicate against the breweries will be abandoned.

London, Sept. 18.—Distress in the mining districts increases and there is no appearance at present of the strikes coming to an end. In the Wakefield district 4,000 children are being fed by charitable institutions. In Derbyshire, where there are 50,000 people idle, the strike fund is exhausted.

New Orleans, Sept. 17.—The police authorities report excitement still existing among the outlying districts of the city over last night's lynching, but no violence has been reported. A few families who have isolated homes came into Carrollton to spend the night, but this was mainly due to their own apprehension.

San Francisco, Sept. 18.—The ship Commodore, Capt. T.H. Allan, 156 days from New York, arrived at this port and reports that on April 18 she encountered a gale which developed into a hurricane, lasting seven days. Everything moveable on deck was thrown overboard and the decks were under water; the mainsail was torn, and finally it became necessary to cut away the sail to save the ship. This was not accomplished too soon, as the ship was under water. She arrived with two feet of water in the hold.

Washington, Sept. 18.—The attendance at the senate to-day was small. Stewart gave notice that he would at a very early date offer an amendment to the silver bill inviting Mexico and the South and Central American republics to join in the conference for the purpose of adopting a common silver dollar of not less than 333 1-3 grains.

Washington, Sept. 18.—Mr. Caldwell has introduced a bill in the house regarding the wreckage of trains. It provides that any person who displaces or removes any switch, cross-tie or rail, or injures any railroad track or bridge, or does or causes to be done any act whereby any locomotive, car or train of cars is stopped, obstructed or injured with intent to rob or injure the person or property of passengers over any railroad, and where, in consequence of such acts, any person be killed, shall be guilty of murder. If the attempt does not result in murder the guilty person convicted shall be imprisoned at hard labor from 10 to 20 years, and the same penalty for each conviction of throwing anything against a train or causing anything to fall upon it with intent to injure any person or property on such train.

San Francisco, Sept. 18.—Many Chinese are evidently afraid that people are about to follow the example set by those in Southern California and many of them are getting away from the city as fast as they can. The greater number of them have gone east. It is expected that 300 will leave this week.

Reno, Nev., Sept. 18.—W. J. Warley, a San Francisco jeweler, en route to Chicago, was robbed yesterday by confidence thieves of $621.

San Francisco, Sept. 18.—Park Casino was closed yesterday as a drinking resort. It will hereafter be devoted to a museum of natural history.

Fresno, Cal., Sept. 18.—David Cutts, teamster, yesterday fell from a grade with twelve horses and three lumber laden wagons. Though the fall was 30 feet and the horses, lumber and wagons were piled in a confused heap, Cutts, who jumped from his horse as he fell, escaped without a scratch.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Sept. 18.—Crossbury and Isaac Roland, two colored men working in the main pit of the big tunnel, fell from the scaffolding this morning to the bottom of the pit, 70 feet. Crossbury was instantly killed, and Roland fatally injured.

New York, Sept. 18.—In Brooklyn twelve new patients are believed to be suffering from smallpox. They were discovered this morning in the neighborhood of No. 438 Adelphi street. That part of the city has been quarantined. All the patients are negroes.

Hancock, Mich., Sept. 18.—It is reported here to-day that the money stolen from the mineral range train last Friday by train robbers has been recovered. One of the gang paid a Duluth & South Shore brakeman fifty cents to check a trunk which contained the proceeds of the train robbery, and a special train was sent out and the money recovered on the line.

Philadelphia, Sept. 18.—U. S. Commissioner Bell this afternoon issued a warrant for the arrest of Henry S. Cochran, charging him upon the oath of Supt. O. C. Bosbyshell with "fraudulently embezzling 30 gold bars committed to his charge for the purpose of being coined from the mint of the United States, said gold bars being the property of the United States of America."

Washington, Sept. 18.—To-day the centennial anniversary of laying the corner-stone of the capitol was celebrated with ceremony and pomp befitting the occasion.

WORLD'S FAIR SWEEPSTAKE
Entrance Fee $1.00
To be Drawn on SATURDAY, September 23
PRIZE, $150, Less 10 per cent.
TICKETS AT MORRIS', COLONIST BLOCK.

2480 Pairs
Guaranteed Kid Gloves
Per Express

The Ladies of Victoria will be pleased to know that we are in receipt of a large shipment of our Celebrated Kid Gloves—Every pair guaranteed. Although there has been a considerable advance in price by the manufacturers, we will continue to sell them at $1.25 per pair, in plain and embroidered backs. A beautiful, soft Kid Glove, equal to the best $1.50 glove sold in the city.

The Westside.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

TO LET

The Directors of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital are prepared to let the premises known as the French Hospital recently occupied by the "Old Men's Home" and situated in Collinson street, on reasonable terms, with immediate possession. For information apply to

H. M. YATES,
Secretary,

P. O. Box 551, or care of Yates & Jay, Bastion street.

Victoria, B.C., August 31, 1893.
a31-1m (Colonist copy.)

Photographs!
Finest
CABINET PHOTOS
$3.00 PER DOZEN,
FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.
K. FORBES MACKIE,
Photographer, 564 Government Stree

Tenders for Purchase

Of the 10-roomed house and lot situate on northwest corner of Johnson and Quadra streets will be received till the 23rd inst., at No. 178 Johnson street, Victoria, B.C. Highest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted. The premises may be inspected between the hours of 10 a.m. and 2 p.m. and 5 and 7 p.m.

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
931 Douglas Street.

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

The Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway Company

NOTICE.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the company will be held at the company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 4th day of October next, at 11 a.m.

CHAS. E. POOLEY,
Secretary.

Dated at Victoria, 29th August, 1893.
a29-td

The Union Colliery Company of British Columbia, Limited Liability.

NOTICE

The annual general meeting of the stockholders of the company will be held at the company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 4th day of October next, at 11 a.m.

CHAS. E. POOLEY,
Secretary.

Dated at Victoria, 29th August, 1893.
a29-td

Pharmaceutical Association of British Columbia

EXAMINATIONS.

The Semi-Annual Examination for diploma as Licentiate of Pharmacy will take place on the 3rd and 4th days of October, 1893.

All intending candidates must notify the Registrar on or before Sept. 19th, two weeks before this examination.

Candidates for registration on Diplomas from other Associations must deposit same with the Registrar before Sept. 17th.

Further particulars may be had from

CHARLES NELSON,
Sec.-Registrar.

P.O. Box 58, Vancouver, B.C.

Steam to LIVERPOOL Direct.

The British Steamship
"GRANDHOLM"
MASSON, MASTER.

Will load on Fraser River and at Victoria during September for Liverpool direct and will have quick despatch. The bulk of cargo is engaged, but a limited quantity of space is available. Applications for freight room must be made to the charterers,

ROBERT WARD & CO., LT'D LB'Y,
Offices Temple building, Fort st., Victoria.
Sept 5, 1t

SPECTACLE WEARERS

Who appreciate the value of their Eyesight, and the comforts derived from properly fitting glasses, get them from the

ONLY OPTICIANS
In British Columbia,

F. W. Nolte & Co.
37 Fort Street.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a warrant of execution issued out of the County Court of Victoria, dated the 8th day of September, 1893, at the suit of Irving Arthur Lemm against John William Smith, late of the City of Victoria, I have seized certain goods and chattels, the property of the said defendant, John W. Smith, in and upon the premises situate at the corner of Pandora and Broad streets, and also at the bone factory on Carey Road, Victoria District, and will sell the same on Wednesday, the 20th day of September, instant, at 2 o'clock p.m., at the corner of Pandora and Broad streets, aforesaid.

Terms: CASH.

Sept16-3t J. E. McMILLAN, Sheriff.

SLANDERING OF ROYALTY.

The "Gentlewoman's" Reply to Stories About the Duke of York.

Under this heading the Gentlewoman has an article which begins by quoting the following extract from the Archbishop's address to the Duke and Duchess of York at the altar:

"Among their future subjects there ought to be many who would join in the good work by stopping the mouths of foolish gossips and scandalmongers. A love for petty scandal was abroad, and peculiarly rife just now. Falsehoods were wantonly, thoughtlessly circulated about personages in high position. Would that the subjects who gathered round the wedding feast, so to speak, were ready to give denial to the untrue and foolish tales which were daily gaining credence throughout the country."

As all society knows to what his grace especially alluded, it is well to speak out plainly, says our contemporary. Weeks before the royal wedding it was openly whispered that the Duke of York—a gallant sailor and a gentleman—had made a false step, had been forgetful of his princely and knightly duties and obligations, and had, in fact, been secretly married, and involved himself in a mésalliance, repugnant to his sense of honor, and illegal in the eyes of the well-known statute law. That law is simple. None of our blood royal can legally contract marriage without the consent of the reigning monarch. Morganatic marriages have been recognized as such, and such love-inspired sanctity as attaches to these unions when faithfully adhered to. The world knows all about them and sympathizes with them. But what said the quidnuncs, the tattlers, the irresponsible, the chattering sparrows who build under the eaves of the palaces?

Blankly this—that George of Wales was married; that the name of the place and the name of the lady, alleged to be the daughter of a naval officer of high degree, were known; and both names and places fluctuated as the prices of scandal shares rose or fell in the gossip market. Like ill winds, the ugly rumor grew apace over the dinner table and afternoon teapot. Men talked of it—more shame to them—women murmured it with niggles and innuendo; the very "outsiders" got hold of it, and all the time the story was positively and absolutely untrue. Think you for an instant that the head of our church would have married our prince and princess had he not first satisfied himself, as we have reason to know he did, that the whole story was untrue and absolutely baseless? The question carries its own answer. No reader of the Gentlewoman will respect so scandalous a story, if indeed any of our readers could be accused of such ill-bred disloyalty. We contradict it, says our contemporary, directly and with authority.

Food Snakes of Dakota.

It is not generally known that the James River valley was once the home of the only species of snake which ever furnished an abundant and nutritious supply of food for the use of man. Recent and most exhaustive investigation proves it to be true. The valley, in which no snake is now found, was once full of serpents, called by the Sioux Indians the "food snake," by reason of the size and delicious flavor of its eggs.

By untold dozens these eggs were laid in pits hollowed out of the soil for their reception. As a rule, the pits were from five to eight feet deep, 18 inches in diameter, and contained from 100 to 200 eggs, snugly packed at the bottom and covered with dry grass and leaves. The eggs were a little larger than those of the domestic hen and more palatable, but deadly poisonous. Many of the Sioux, tempted by hunger, died from eating them. Often they were purposely exposed to the discovery of invading enemies in order that they should eat and die. Not only were these eggs imbued with poison, but they were equally peculiar in that they remained fresh and palatable in all weather for thirteen years, and were finally hatched by the cold of the winter and not the heat of the summer.

Three hundred years ago Blue Goose, a mighty chieftan, ruled the Sioux. His wife discovered a mixture which was a perfect antidote to the poison of the eggs. The simplest washing in the mixture rendered them perfectly wholesome. Blue Goose was a lover of war. He saw that by revealing the secret of the antidote the hunting of buffalo, then numerous, would largely cease, and that the people, finding abundant food in the snake eggs, would grow indolent and less warlike. He, therefore, formed a council of seven discreet women, most solemnly pledged to retain among themselves the secret of the antidote, and to use it only in times of famine or defeat in war. The council was self-perpetuating and elected new members only as vacancies occurred by death. Never was the secret betrayed. Indian tradition says that seven times was the antidote used in times of need, when a pestilence swept off the entire country almost at a stroke and the secret was lost. The race of food snakes was never reconciled to this loss and rapidly dwindled away. They utterly disappeared about the year 1820. It is interesting to note that the last place at which either the snakes or their nests were found was in the timber along the James river at Rondell.

How He Had Fun.

"You can't always tell how green a man may be by the color you think he is," said the drummer sententiously, and the hotel clerk ran his eyebrows up into interrogation points.

"No," he went on, as if the clerk had put his question into words. "No, you can't. Last week I was in New York, and one night I went down to sleep by the sea."

"On a bench in Battery Park?" inquired the disingenuous clerk.

"Of course not," retorted the drummer; "down at one of the near sea-side resorts. Well, as I was saying, when I got there and had registered at one of the swell hotels, a country-looking citizen stepped up and took my place before the book. He wrote his name and looked up at the dignified and imperious young man behind the counter.

"'Got any rooms, young feller,' he said, 'fer about one dolyer per day?'

"'Certainly not,' was the haughty and disgusted reply.

"'How's yer rates anyhow?'

"'Well, you can get a suite for $100 a day,' he said with the air of one man expecting to see the other man drop dead.

"'Good enough,' responded the countryman, without turning a hair, 'I'll take that kind for five days and pay in advance. Can you change a bill for me?'

and he slapped down a new $1000 William that must have looked a yard long to the clerk. Whether it did or not, he grew red in the face; said he'd have to see the landlord; couldn't raise over $150 in change to save his life that early in the season; and while he was trying to apologize the countryman stuffed the bill in his pocket and went across the street to another hotel.

"That evening I talked with him on the beach, and he said he was nicely fixed at $3 a day for a month. Then he laughingly told me he carried that bill along with him to slug highfalutin hotel clerks with, and he called it a thousand-dollar billie, because it knocked them every time."

Reasons for Anti-Semitism.

Cesare Lombroso, in a thoughtful paper in Menorah of New York upon the reasons for anti-Semitism, says, among other things: But the Jews themselves I cannot altogether absolve from having in part caused anti-Semitism. I do not want to be misunderstood in this. We cannot deny to the Jews either talent or refined sentiment; but the habit, encouraged for centuries, of following commerce as an almost exclusive occupation has produced in them that certain degree of cunning and superiority, and, naturally, a weakened bodily energy, which is common, more or less, to all people pursuing trade. And as the common, uncultivated populace observes these qualities developed among the Jews, they regard them as racial characteristics. In addition, Jewish marriages between blood relations, although often producing men of genius, result no less frequently in nervous, scrofulous or weak offspring. Nor must we forget that the poor Jews, and especially those in the Orient and in Russia, live in a terribly disgusting condition of bodily neglect, and that they cling to a peculiar predilection for conservatism, which contrasts so strongly with their great love for innovations and progressive movements.

To this external conservatism is added the religious conservatism, which is not restricted to the fundamental tenets of the Jewish religion, but extends to all rites which have long ago lost their vitality. As all religions are disfigured in time, this ancient religion has also piled upon its beautiful monotheistic foundation ritual observances to which bigotry attributes more importance than to the true ethical foundation.

Finally, I would mention the arrogant behavior of some Jews, an easily explained quality, peculiar to all people who have been enslaved for a long time, and who from the moment they are raised to the dignity of manhood have a natural impulse to rise over others and make their own qualifications and superiority felt.

But all this having been said, it should not be forgotten that these our brethren are human beings, who must not be repulsed nor unjustly misjudged, for they also possess rare qualities which have been of great benefit to their fellow-beings and their character has been purified and steeled by constant persecution. They have given us Mosaism and Christianity. They have given us politicians and sociologists like Disraeli, Marx and Lassalle. In philosophy, Spinoza; in poetry, Heine; in music, Halevy, Meyerbeer, Mendelssohn, Bizet. We find, in short, among the Jews a relatively higher number of intellectual creators than among the European peoples. At the same time among the Jews the percentage of mentally diseased is three times as great as among Catholics, and in some places six times as great. A large number of Jews succumb to paranoia, which is the more remarkable because there are very few alcoholists among them.

Peach Preserves.

Peach preserves are improved by the addition of a number of the kernels found inside the pits. Blanch the nuts as almonds are blanched. Cook them as long as you do the fruit; add a few to each jar. As very clear-looking, choice syrup is desired for preserves, it may be clarified with the white of an egg. After making the syrup, let it get nearly cool, and then stir it into the beaten (not frothed) white of an egg, mixed with the shell. Use a spoon beater to stir with. Heat very slowly to the boiling point. Do not stir again, but cook slowly ten minutes. Remove the scum as it rises and strain.

The crystal-clear syrup for preserves is also made by adding a quart of sugar to a pint of cold water. Stir until dissolved, then put over a moderate heat. Take half the white of an egg and beat it, and stir it into the syrup before it gets hot. Cook until the syrup bubbles up in the kettle, then set where it is cool, and add a tablespoonful of cold water. Return to the fire. Repeat this three times, and when the third and last tablespoonful of water is added, set the kettle where the syrup will settle. Skim off any scum that rises to the surface, and strain through a napkin.

Peaches that do not look attractive enough to pickle or preserve are delectable made into jam after the following recipe. Pare and cut into thin slices four quarts of fruit, and to each pound use three-fourths of a pound of granulated sugar. Add a third of the kernels of the peach pits blanched, and cut into thin slices. Cook until the fruit looks clear, then put away in small jars.

All Men

Young, old or middle aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpation of the heart, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headaches, pimples on the face and body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids and elsewhere, bashfulness, deposits in the urine, loss of will power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dulness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with leaden circles, oily looking skin, etc., are all the symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring or vital force having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address for book on diseases peculiar to man, send 10c in stamps sealed. Address M. V. Lubon, 24 Macdonnell ave., Toronto, Ont., Canada.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why Does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

RELIGIOUS UNITY.

Dr. Grant, at the Religious Parliament, Speaks for Canada.

At the parliament of religions opening at the World's Fair city on Monday the Dominion of Canada was represented by Principal Grant in these words:

"Religiously, in Canada, we have accomplished a greater measure of unification than has been found possible in Great Britain or the United States. Eighteen years ago all the Presbyterian denominations united into one church, wide as the Dominion; the four Methodist churches next united into one. And now the various Protestant churches are proposing a wider union, and all the young Christian life of the country says amen to the proposal. It would be strange if a people brought up under such an environment should fail to understand that when men differ they must be in error; that truth is that which rights; that every age has problems of its own which must be solved, and that it is the glory of the human mind that it can at any state try to solve them; that no church has a monopoly of truth, or of the spirit of God, and that in no previous age or in no other land would it have been so hopeless to prove upon investigation, to present comparison, or oppose the coming of the kingdom which consists not in meat or drink, nor in ritual law, not in forms of the intellect or tradition, however venerable, but in righteousness, peace and the Holy Spirit.

"Were the Apostle Paul here to-day would he not utter the same sad complaint with regard to the nineteen centuries of Christendom? Why has not that kingdom fully come which John saw in the Apocalypse? Because the church has failed to understand the character and purpose of its divine head and failed, therefore, to do its work. We have divorced our religion from the moral and spiritual order of the universe instead of seeing that it interpenetrates, interprets, completes and sanctifies that order. All day long the Savior has been stretching out his hands to a disobedient and gainsaying people. That is why we have failed. But, brothers, the only indisputable condition of success is that we shall recognize the cause of failure, confess it humbly, and then courageously and for all time go and do otherwise. God give us the needed insight and faith."

Scandinavian Fin de Siecle.

Ola Hansson in Die Nation of Berlin thus mourns the intellectual slumber of the north: In Scandinavia at this moment life and literature are alike ebbing strongly. One who has participated in the literary achievements of the last 20 years feels at this moment a chilling sensation such as one, after the glowing warmth of a premature spring day, experiences at the approach of night. The new and inspiring ideas imported from Europe in the seventies aroused the native poetic talent to new life. Now ideas and talents are both used up without having given birth to any triumphant new culture; and, as the clouds roll by in the cold, still gloaming, one sees that nothing remains, save much costly but somewhat damaged wreckage, some fragments of finely worked gold and polished granite—the dozen enduring poetic works in which the native temperament, under the imported stimulus, has found self-expression. For the rest, the movement has been followed by a numbness such as was never experienced before the spectacle was set in motion. Where, for example, has the idea of the liberty of the sexes, so much preached about in the new literature, led us? Where? At this moment a Swedish officer of rank is perambulating the country, delivering lectures in every town, and enlisting men who pledge themselves to abstain from alcohol and women! And what has the second idea of religious tolerance and irreligious view of life produced? From the Swedish court down, the pietist propaganda is urged with a recklessness and by such exceptional means as to have aroused severe criticism. This pietism is a sort of reaction in the upper ranks. So downright grotesque is the change which presents itself! The causes may be sought in the fact that the source from which Scandinavia drew her inspiration two decades ago was no deep, perennial spring, but a mere surface flow, wanting strength to burst the ice-crust which enthralled her.

Victor Hugo's Poems.

M. Sarcey furnishes a solution of the mystery involved in the annual publication of a new volume of Victor Hugo's poems—rather poor poems, it may be said. While living in Guernsey, he says, Hugo was in the habit of composing endless verses in the course of his morning walks. These he put on paper and preserved, and during his life selected and published what he considered the best. Now his merciless executors are publishing the others, bringing out eight volumes in as many years, and there remain enough in MS. to make many more annual volumes! At this ratio a man will fill his library with a set of Hugo's works.

Strong nerves, sweet sleep, good appetite, healthy digestion, and best of all, Pure Blood, are given by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

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RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 18.
To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Monday, May 1st, 1893.
Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Friday, Saturday & Sunday.	Miles from Wellington.	STATIONS.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Friday, Saturday & Sunday.	Miles from Victoria.	NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.
	Ar.	Ar.			Dp.	Dp.		
	1.00 p m	7.00 a m		VICTORIA	Ar. 12.30 p m	Ar. 6.30 p m		
	1.07	7.08	1	ESQUIMALT	12.23	6.23	1	
	1.14	7.16	2	COLWOOD	12.16	6.16	2	
	1.19	7.22	3	GOLDSTREAM	12.11	6.11	3	
	1.24	7.28	4	BRAYNSON LAKE	12.06	6.06	4	
	1.30	7.35	5	SUMMIT SIDING	12.00	6.00	5	
	1.37	7.43	6	COBBLE HILL	11.53	5.53	6	
	1.44	7.51	7	McPHERSONS	11.46	5.46	7	
	1.50	7.57	8	KOKSILAH	11.40	5.40	8	
	1.57	8.05	9	DUNCANS	11.33	5.33	9	
	2.05	8.14	10	COBBLE HILL	11.25	5.25	10	
	2.15	8.25	12	CHEMAINUS	11.15	5.15	12	
	4.45	11.00	67	NANAIMO Arriving	9.00	2.45	67	
	5.00	11.15	69	NANAIMO Departing	8.45	2.30	69	
	Dp.	Dp.		WELLINGTON	Ar.	Ar.		

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. E. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED).

TIME TABLE NO. 21,
Taking effect August 22nd, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2:30 o'clock a.m.

Vanvouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 15:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 3 going East Monday.)
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney Friday at 7 o'clock.
Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender Island and Sidney Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

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For further particulars apply to
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GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Passenger Agent, Vancouver.

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To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.
Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent.

Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

Speed 18 knots		Miles	Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."	Tonnage 1117		
8 00 am	Lv	M1	...Tacoma...	110	Ar	4 15 am
10 15 am	Lv	28	...Seattle...	82	Lv	2 00 am
1 30 pm	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend	36	Lv	11 45 pm
4 30 pm	Ar	110	...Victoria...	M 1	Lv	8 30 pm

Port Townsend Mail Route.

		Miles				
11 00 pm	Lv	28	...Seattle...	58	Ar	* pm
12 30 am	Lv	39	Port Madison	47	Lv	2 15 pm
	Lv	45	...Kingston...	41	Lv	
3 00 am	Lv	49	Port Gamble	21	Lv	11 00 am
4 00 am	Lv	72	Port Ludlow	13	Lv	10 00 am
6 00 am	Ar	88	Pt. Townsend	M1	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.
* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Monday.
‡ Daily except Monday.

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Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 7 a.m.
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" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.
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Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanogan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kasto, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele.

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IN THE MINING COUNTRY.

Signs of Approaching Winter—Lardeau Gros—The Silver Depression.

Trout Lake City, Sept. 9.—The autumn rains have at last commenced, and fresh snow may be already seen on the mountains in the vicinity of the lake.

Charles Matheson will leave on Monday next for a fortnight's prospecting tour on the ranges.

Messrs. A. H. Harrison and E. Bacchard left on Thursday to do the assessment work on Mr. Harrison's claim, the Sacristan. They will probably have a very wet time.

Mr. Hoare, who has lately made a very rich find near the North Fork, went out yesterday to see the representatives of the syndicate in whose interest he has been prospecting. It is said that Mr. Hoare's new claim will probably turn out to be one of the richest finds of the year.

Several men have gone up the Lardeau during the week to try placer mining. Up to the present it has been very doubtful whether placer mining will pay.

Mr. Tom Hamilton caught a monster salmon trout last Monday, weighing 21 3-4 pounds.

Mr. J. O. Piper is busy re-shingling his roof and making everything taut and snug for the winter.

Mr. Sydney A. Roberts, D. L. S., P. L. S., etc., etc., leaves early next week for Victoria.

Mr. Edwin Maunsell's foot is somewhat worse, the wound having broken out again. He will consequently be confined to the barracks for some time.

An indignation meeting was held on the night of the 3rd inst. to express disapproval of the manner in which the money appropriated for the various trails in the vicinity has been expended. It is claimed that some of the trails go in the wrong direction and others are unnecessarily long. Further particulars will be given next week.

Mr. A. H. Harrison has assayed several specimens of auriferous rock during the week. Most of the rock comes from two ledges recently discovered near the North Fork. I am not at liberty to publish the results of the assays at present.

The pack trains are making their trips with most consistent irregularity just now.

It is proposed to make some arrangement to secure a regular fortnightly mail during the winter, to be carried in foot over the snow. The postoffice authorities at Ottawa, however, appear quite indifferent in the matter and pay no attention to petitions.

The bush fires in the neighborhood of Hardscrabble Flat are still raging and the light rains only seem to add to their fierceness.

The news of the defeat of the silver combination in the United States congress has caused a feeling of distrust among the prospectors, and many have decided to prospect no more for argentiferous ores until the state of affairs should alter for the better. It is probable, however, that the depression of the silver market may ultimately benefit the country by forcing prospectors to turn their attention to other minerals, such as gold, nickel, manganese and copper, which are known to exist in payable quantities in this district.

(Kootenay Star.)

J. D. McDonald arrived in town this week from Trout Lake district, having with him some very fine specimens of ore, one of them high grade grey copper carrying over 400 oz. silver to the ton, besides considerable gold. He says the claim, which is named the Glengarry, is on a 14-foot ledge and that ten other claims are also staked upon it, all of which show similar good ore. It is situated on the divide between the Lardeau and Duncan rivers. After some preliminary business regarding the sale of his claim has been settled Mac intends visiting Chicago.

(Golden Era.)

We have had several nights of heavy frost this week, warning us of the approach of winter.

Manuel Dainard returned recently from the Brush river district, where a big silver-lead strike was made some time ago by Frank Bethune and partner. The place can be easily reached from either Donald or Beaver. From Donald it is about 45 miles by trail and from Beaver about 35 miles by the river. The vein is from 80 feet and upwards wide, fully one-third of which is solid ore. Four claims have been staked on the ledge by well-known local men. Mr. Dainard reports the prospects in this district to be very promising.

INLAND NOTES.

The Week's News From the Press of the Upper Country.

(Inland Sentinel.)

A. W. Vowell, Superintendent of Indian Agencies, who has just returned from a journey to Fairview, says the crops in that district are in excellent condition. Mining, too, is in better shape than it has been in for some time, and the prospects are very favorable. A forty-stamp mill has been ordered, and it is expected along very soon.

P. Eagan's steam saw mill at Lac la Hache has just finished sawing 100,000 feet of lumber at McKinlay's, and will move to the 108 Mile House.

Farmers are still busy making hay, and they pronounce the crop very good. The grain crops are looking very well, and will be unusually good. Harvesting is in full blast.

McAdams & Hamilton have the contract for making the road from this place to the Horse Fly Mines. A large amount of machinery will go in this winter for Hobson.

Dr. Sanson of Clinton and D. E. Campbell of Victoria have been hunting in the vicinity, and have killed a large amount of game. A number of our local sports have been very lucky killing ducks and geese.

Mission City News.

Every iron bridge on the Canadian Pacific railway between Westminster and Calgary is to be painted white, and a gang of painters have commenced operations on the Coquitlam bridge at the Junction. The work will not be completed this year.

McLean Bros. are about to commence on their contract for dyking Pitt meadows. When this work will have been finished there will be a vast tract of the finest grain growing land in the province ready for the plow.

The industries of the province are being constantly added to. Another source of wealth has been discovered in the Pitt meadows froggeries. Five Italians have located on the Pitt meadows and are capturing the Irish canary birds of the marsh for exportation to San Francisco, where there is an exceedingly large sale for them. Last week they made a first shipment of 15,000 live frogs and will send the frog-eating Californians another consignment in a few days. The frogs are shipped in large cases, in which is placed a thick layer of fresh-cut marsh grass. They are said to stand travel well and lose little flesh en route. The Italians catch the reptiles by hand and are exceedingly expert at the business.

Free Medical Advice.

The proprietors of Paine's Celery Compound, in addition to the wonderful work they are now doing through the agency of their world-famed and never-failing medicine, are now supplying free medical advice to every man, woman and child in Canada who are in need of it. A skilled physician, a graduate of one of our most noted colleges, is engaged at great expense to prescribe for, advise and guide all sufferers towards the goal of health. In this work our physician is left unfettered, and uses the same agencies and gives the same advice that would be given to wealthy city patients. The great object in view is to save precious lives and relieve suffering; and nothing will be left undone on our part to serve the public with acceptance.

In the past our physician's work has been successful and extended; many lives have been saved to the country, and we have received the heartfelt thanks of dear relatives, all of which has amply recompensed us for our work of love and mercy.

All correspondence strictly confidential. Address "Consulting Physician's Department," Wells & Richardson Co., Montreal, P. Q.

Creatures of the Night.

"Most of the nocturnal beasts," says a writer in the Cornhill Magazine, "you will observe, are inferior or belated types, driven to earn a precarious living in the dark places of the world, and often confinde to remote islands or uncivilized peninsulas. As a rule, indeed, it may be said that dominant species are diurnal in their habits, and this is especially the case with the larger herbivores, very few of whom care for the darkness. It is otherwise, however, with the carnivores, whose deeds are evil. They can creep upon their prey more easily by night. Hence almost all the cat tribe, including the king of beasts himself, are more or less nocturnal. The hyenas, again, prefer to do their scavenging work by night, as do also the jackals. The civets and genets crawl slowly upon their prey under cover of the darkness. Our English representatives of these night-roaming carnivores is the poor, harmless badger, who feeds for the most part upon bees and wasps, though he subsists to some extent upon a vegetable diet. The bears are in most cases rather nocturnal than diurnal, except in the instance of the so-called sun-bears, whose food consists almost entirely of fruits and the young shoots of palm trees. Thus nocturnal animals fall into two groups—one, petty and defenceless; the other, fierce and dominant."

PASSENGERS.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Mrs Pitt, W E Story and wife, Mrs H L Mason, Miss Mason and sister, Jno Phillips, R Davidson, A E Hoyhaut, H A Kemp, C L Wey, Mrs Wagg, J H Gilbert and wife, C B Hirsch, D C Lauterette and wife and son, Mrs Scott, Mrs M Kennedy, Marie Bouchet, W L Sweat and wife, Mrs H Young, J Clark, Wm Cave and wife, G Anderson, G Narrow and wife, C Leed and wife, H L Fink and wife, Alice Lohman, E Johnson, Grace Mitchell, Mrs Brenton, Percy Brenton, J D Dowat, J K Barclay, L L Etzes and sister, J E Robbins, L P Barclay, Mrs J M Jamieson, Allan Cameron, Agnes Phillips, Hugh Noble, J A Murray, F Hall, D Murray, E A Garner, H F Hughes, A Jackson, Thos Cogley, S D Pope and wife.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—Miss Jones, Mrs Clark, J Moerhead, H Sewell, R Chipchase, H Symons and wife, Pilot Christiansen and wife, Miss Annie Pooley, Mrs Robertson, C Duffley, Dr Baker, J H Freeman, Miss Ward, D M Taylor, W Kinsy, A Cohen, Mr Jeffrey, wife and daughter, A E Trejent, F Gibson, A Incod, C J Mavinor, H A Jones, C Codyer, Rev Thos H Rogers, W C Fox and wife, Miss Clifton, J Carey, H E Hurlock, E H Fletcher, E W Ordway, Jas Munro, J L Beckwith, Miss Pemberton, Hon A N Richards, A Sutton, C L Dubl.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Mamie Stevens, Ed Thompson, E W Evans, T Lewellyn, D McNeil, A Montalen and wife, Alex Shaw, Mrs Rosenthal, K McBeath, Miss Hammond, M Spooner, D R Stevens, J W Miller, Wm Armstrong and wife, Mrs Clitteri, S E Smith, J W Baily, Baron Regnault, T J Leecy, Dr Lyall, J H Cousins, F P Roum, Ada Howard, R Gibson, E Moutil, M Stevens, D W Higgins, J W Meyer, J Henike, W R McLean, W H DeWolf, Miss Hoskings, J W Wanamaker, Mrs Fales, Wm Vernon, H Haines, Geo Beckingham, Geo McCoun, Miss Clark, L Heeny, Mrs Beune, L C Perkins, P J Lyons.

CONSIGNEES.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—W S Moore, Wm Godfrey, S Takasuita, M Cohen, J S Stewart, Shelton & Co, J H Todd & Son, Fell & Co, C T W Pipes, Victoria Steam Laundry, R P Rithet & Co, Union Ice Co, and Victoria Plumbing Co.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—S Letser, J Johnston, A R Shirk, Moore & Co, T Shotbolt, R H Jamieson, Fell & Co, H Clay, A G Turner, Spratt & G, R J Mathews, J Johnston, Mathews R & T, E J Eynes, E G Prior, J H Baker, Gilmore & Mer, R McIlonald, J Piercy, R Saunders, W S Hampson, Weller Bros, B Williams, R Heron, A B Erskine, J Lucker, Stevens & J, Capt A W Jones, G T Corfield, Order, Hud Bay Co, Thorpe & Co, H Mansell, Col Warren, Cockson & R, C P R Agent, Mr J Horner, T Earle, Watson & G, Dom Exp Co.

Per city of Kingston from the Sound—Colonist Pig Co, J H Todd & Son, H Saunders, J Piercy & Co, B Williams & Co, J Jeffree, Turner B & Co, T Dunn & Co, Sehl H R & Co, M R & Tye, Russell McD & Co, Estate G Morrison, Brackman & K, Perry & Co, Ames H Co, E G Prior & Co, Youdall & Pascalr, R Lettice, McL & McF.

White pills and other purgatives only relieve biliousness and react, leaving the victims more prone to sluggishness of the liver. Eselay's Liver Lozenges cure positively and permanently.

Suffering in Cherokee.

Arkansas City, Kas., Sept. 18.—There was suffering Saturday night from exposure, and many casualties are reported from the Cherokee strip. One woman from Saginaw, Newton county, Mo., was burned to death. She and her husband, John Osborne, were caught in a prairie fire. Their wagon broke, and Mrs. Osborne, who was 76, was caught and burned before she could get out. Her husband managed to reach a creek between the Chickasash river and the townsite of Kirk, a few miles distant. There are six bodies awaiting identification. Two have bullet holes and four are burned. Fires are still raging and the wind has been blowing hard. People in the towns can procure food and waer and are not suffering as much as those in the country. There is great indignation expressed that the soldier who killed John R. Hill of New Jersey has not been turned over to the civil authorities. Lieut. Caldwell will await the action of his superior officers in the case.

THE FROZEN MEAT QUESTION.

To the Editor: The Colonist refers to me as an "ignorant critic," because of my letter on the above subject in your yesterday's paper, but altogether avoids answering my arguments. I am simply looking at the question from a business point of view, and do not want either to deceive or be deceived. I endeavored to show that a trade in Australian frozen mutton would not and could not be made to pay here, and, ignorant or not, I still hold that opinion, and all the Colonist has said only strengthens it. My argument is simple and clear. In England the Australian legs of frozen mutton sell for 15 to 17 cents a pound, and fresh home fed legs fetch 22 or 23 cents a pound; now it is clear that if this frozen mutton was as good as the home fed meat no home fed meat would be sold, for nobody would give 23 cents a pound for meat if they could get it as good for 15 cents. But this is not the case, and the frozen meat is only bought by that class of the community who cannot afford to buy the home fed. The best home fed legs of mutton can be bought here at 15 cents a pound. The Australian frozen legs could not be imported here cheaper than in England, and there is three cents duty to add here, which there is not in England, consequently the frozen mutton when it got here would be somewhat dearer than the home fed mutton we have, and not nearly as good. Would any sensible person buy it? Where is the business margin? I asserted that the cold stored meat in England is much disliked. The Colonist says "this is simply nonsense." Now what is the use of calling this nonsense when it is simply a fact patent to everybody? The frozen meat is disliked; it is not as good as home fed, or anything like as good. No butcher in England who did a first-class trade would have it in his shop; if he did he would soon lose his trade. Perhaps the Colonist is not aware that very recently a law has been passed in England making it an offence punishable by a heavy fine to any butcher to sell Australian frozen meat without declaring it as such. If those who think a trade in Australian frozen meat would pay here would answer those arguments, we "ignorant" people might become a little more enlightened. As yet they remain unanswered.

ANTI-HUMBUG.

THEY ARE PLEASANT TO TAKE YET POWERFUL TO CURE

ESELJAY'S LIVER LOZENGES. 25 CENTS A BOX.

They do not nauseate or rack and weaken the system like pills and other purgatives, but they tone up the liver and stomach, and give them sufficient strength to do their work naturally and well. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Headache, Biliousness, Pimples, Sallowness and all diseases arising from impure blood, or sluggish liver.

Ask Your Druggist For Them.

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH. DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.

A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. W. G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England. LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, Agents for B.C.

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad street, between Johnson and Fan dora streets. VICTORIA, B. C.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to cut and carry away timber from the following described tract of land: Commencing at post S. E. marked "W. D. Morgan," planted on the east shore of Read Island, opposite Rendezvous Islands, thence west 80 chains, thence north 100 chains, thence east to shore, thence along shore to point of commencement, containing 1000 acres more or less.

W. D. MORGAN.

Victoria, August 18, 1893. Aug 18-1m

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend applying to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a timber cutting license of Valdez Island, to cut and carry away timber from the following described land, commencing at a post in Deep Water Bay and running southeast 60 chains more or less; thence northeast 60 chains, thence northwest 60 chains; thence southwest 60 chains to place of commencement.

THOMAS FETCH

August 11th, 1893. 81-1m

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used Principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes.) | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL (Steam Fuel.)

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

House and Steam Coal, and mined by this Company only.

The "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other Bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

The "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

The "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS, Superintendent

THE VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.

The Victoria Lithograph Co.

Upstairs, Corner of Government and Yates Streets, VICTORIA, B. C.

ALL CLASSES OF LITHOGRAPHED WORK

Maps, Cheques, Drafts, Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Note Heads, Labels, Wedding & Visiting Cards,

Fine Colored Work a Specialty.

VISITING CARDS

Printed from Copper Plates and Stone.

PORTRAITS

Enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's Art.

SOME of our Victoria Merchants still send orders to Toronto and other Eastern Cities, in the mistaken notion that they can get it done cheaper. They of course know they cannot get it done better than in Victoria. We are prepared to do the work at Toronto Prices, if orders of the same size are given to us as are given to Toronto houses.

Call and see samples of our work before placing your orders with drummers.

Keep the Money In the Country.

Orders may be left at the TIMES Office.

VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.,

W. R. GREECH, Manager.

THE LONDON & CANADIAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LT'D

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL STOCK $500,000 (WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO $1,000,000.)

This Company having its Head Office in Victoria, is prepared to do a conservative business throughout the Province; and can accept risks, settle losses, etc., without reference elsewhere. Its business is already greater than any other Fire Insurance Company for the Province alone. FOR THE SECURITY OF THE INSURED it has deposited with the Provincial Government $20,000, and reinsures two-thirds of every Policy issued. Its funds are invested in this country, and it therefore deserves the patronage of British Columbians.

BRANCHES---Vancouver, New Westminster, Nanaimo, Chilliwack and Vernon.

GENERAL AGENTS---THE BRITISH COLUMBIA LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY, LIMITED, VICTORIA, B. C. aug8-1m

HAVE INVITED LAURIER.

The Nanaimo Liberals to the Front—Man Struck by a Train.

Nanaimo, Sept. 18.—At a recent meeting of the Liberal Club it was decided unanimously to invite Hon. W. Laurier and Mr. Davies to visit this city and address a public meeting in the opera house. The meeting was an enthusiastic one and was largely attended, which plainly shows that the advance of the Liberal party in this city is increasing. Several new members joined and quite a few have signified their intention to join at the next meeting. A large reception committee has been drafted to meet the visitor and take him aroung the city and show him every point of interest. After the public meeting in the evening a grand banquet will be tendered Mr. Laurier by the club at the Wilson Hotel.

The lacrosse match between the Nanaimo team and the Moonlighters of Westminster on Saturday was a very one sided affair. The visitors practically won the game in 15 minutes, having scored four straight goals. Our own boys were not in it and the visitors added three more goals to their score and yet the home team had not scored. The match, however, will enable the home team to take pointers which they will not be slow to pick up and put to practice.

Two British seamen belonging to the American ship Highland Light refused to join their ship owing to the brutal treatment received at the hands of the second mate. They appealed to Mr. J. P. Plazta, S. M., but that gentleman informed them that he was unable to deal with it and it was only by pointing out to them the effect of the law and personally accompanying them to the vessel that they were persuaded to go on board. D. McKenzie, one of the sailors, said he would sooner be killed outright than undergo such cruel treatment as he had received on the voyage up.

The wife of F. T. Gregga, architect, died at his residence on Newcastle townsite on Saturday. The deceased came to Victoria in 1869. The remains will be conveyed to Victoria for interment tomorrow.

Last evening, about 7 p.m., a passenger train, backing from Wellington to Nanaimo, struck an Italian miner walking in the same direction, near Nanaimo. The train was stopped and the man taken on board and conveyed to Nanaimo. He was struck on the head and is now in the Nanaimo hospital.

MORPHINE HIS REFUGE.

A Honolulu Jail Bird's Adventures—Poor Race Meeting.

Vancouver, Sept. 18.—Roy Kelsenna, who was arrested some days ago in Westminster and took morphine on the way to the police station, was released to-day on condition that he should return to Honolulu by the Warrimoo. He came here and was arrested on Saturday night for larceny and immediately went into convulsions and two doctors spent Saturday night with him. Morphine injectors were found on his person.

The Empress of China will not leave till 5 this afternoon.

Three more detectives arrived on Sunday to run down Seattle's defaulting treasurer.

A meeting on Saturday night to elect delegates to the Kamloops political convention did nothing on account of the small attendance. Very few previously connected with political matters were present.

Saturday's horse races were poor. Vancouver Dan won the 2:40 trot in 2:45. The free for all trot was not finished. Stormont won two heats, Runic F. one. The general impression was that the race was pre-arranged and one of the pools sold. Armstrong's Harry won the three eighths and repeat.

In hauling the new main across the Narrows yesterday the cable caught on the old main and disconnected the joints in mid stream. It is expected the city will be without water for four days.

Siwash Billy, a Cape Mudge Indian, was found drowned at Brockton Point and taken to the city this afternoon. His clothes were torn and the pockets turned inside out, but there were no marks of violence. Johnson, a Fort Rupert Indian, and Charlie, a Squamish, were with him yesterday and were arrested this afternoon on suspicion of murder. Johnson was spending money quite freely on Sunday night and his clothes were wet and torn.

HONORS FOR SIR JOHN.

Report That He Has Been Offered a Peerage.

Ottawa, Sept. 18.—To-day the Citizen gives currency to a report from a New York paper which is causing a great deal of talk here. It is that Sir John Thompson is offered a peerage for services connected with the Behring Sea affair but that he has declined. The reason for this is said to be that as he has a son who is a Jesuit and who would take orders, this son might hold a seat in the House of Lords in the event of Sir John's death. Now the report says he is to be made a privy councillor and after next session of parliament will be created one of the lord high justices of the court of appeals, which would necessitate his residing in Britain and resigning the premiership of Canada. The publishing of these reports, about which nothing definite is known, goes to show the anxiety of the party for another leader. There can be no other reason for their publication.

Preserving Rare Flowers.

We are glad to hear when any rare flower, or bird, or animal, has a helping hand extended to it. Man upsets the law of evolution, and the fittest in his eyes rapidly ceases to survive, for he improves it—be it bird, or beast, or flower—off the face of the earth. Of late the alpenrose, an exquisite blossom once beautiful in the Rigi and elsewhere, has had a dead set made upon it, and the flower sellers of Wezgis and Vitznau, not content with picking the open blossoms, have nearly succeeded, by wanton destruction of the roots, in rendering the flower extinct. Now, however, a heavy fine has been imposed on anybody touching the vital centres of the alpenrose—a protection long since extended to the edelweiss, which suffered in like manner. The edelweiss, however, in the struggle for existence, has recently found a powerful auxiliary in the person of a Swiss tailor, who has found that a good salable edelweiss can be turned out from the cloth of the left-off uniforms of Austrian soldiers. The hairy material exactly imitates the rough texture and color of the edelweiss leaf, and the artificial flower finds a ready sale among the romantic tourists of all nations. The new species may be looked for confidently in a month or two under glass cases in Peckham Rye and Lower Tooting.—Black and White.

General Dispatches.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 18.—Stanley Boyer Miles was killed and three other miners badly injured at Oakdale yesterday by an explosion of nitro-glycerine. The men were experimenting with the explosive.

Altoona, Pa., Sept. 18.—Twenty Italians employed on the Cambric & Clearfield railroad began a carousal Saturday which terminated in a fight with a crowd of Swedes and Frenchmen. The Italians used their stilettos and six men were wounded, two of them probably fatally. The Italians fled to the woods, pursued by over 200 men. Yesterday five Italians were arrested and locked in Ebensburg jail. Last evening one of the victims of the assault died and another is dying. The other four may recover.

Queenstown, Sept. 18.—The British ship Saint Monan has arrived here from Tacoma. She passed through a cyclone and sustained some damage.

Buda Pesth, Sept. 18.—The Magyar Hirlap to-day publishes a rumor that a number of Roumanian conspirators attempted to wreck the train on which Emperor Francis Joseph was traveling to Gmens. The scene of the alleged attempt was near Borossets, Hungary. The conspirators, the paper says, removed a part of the track, but fortunately the dastardly attempt upon the lives of the emperor and those travelling with him was discovered in time to prevent disaster.

Lisbon, Sept. 18.—The health authorities have raised the quarantine against vessels arriving from the port of New York, which had been established in consequence of the reports of cholera at Jersey City. The decree declares that both New York and Jersey City are free from cholera.

The Hague, Sept. 18.—A workman of this city was attacked today by cholera. This is the first case this season.

Cairo, Sept. 18.—A death from cholera occurred here today.

Simla, Sept. 18.—The government of India is raising money on debentures. The amount of these debentures, it is said, will depend on the sale of India consul drafts.

GLEANINGS FOR THE CURIOUS.

The smallest weight in use, the grain, was so called because originally it was the weight of a grain of wheat.

* * *

Experiments show that bees require 11 pounds of honey to enable them to secret one pound of wax.

* * *

No bird can retrace its course in flight without turning; the dragon-fly, however, can do this, and can outstrip the swallow in speed.

* * *

The crown of England has several times been in pawn. Henry III. pledged it for 100,000 marks, while Edward III. pawned his queen's crown also.

* * *

Amber blazes like a torch when light is applied, and great quantities have been consumed in the unbroken worship of thirteen centuries at Mecca, the sacred city of the Moslems.

* * *

There is said to be a tribe in Central Africa among whom speakers in public debates are required to stand on one leg while speaking, and to speak only so long as they can so stand.

* * *

It is customary in Japan for children to be named after the first article on which the father's eye alights after the children are born. Some, therefore, bear the names of flowers, and others the names of furniture or kitchen utensils, as "Lily," "Chair," "Frying-Pan," etc.

* * *

The oldest manuscript written on cotton paper in England is in the British museum and bears date 1049. The most ancient manuscript on the same material in the Library of Paris is dated 1050. In 1085 A. D. the Christian successors of the Spanish Saracens made paper of rags instead of raw cotton, which is recognized by its yellowness and brittleness.

* * *

Marco Polo, who with his father and uncle travelled from Venice to China in 1270, and lived in China until 1292, reaching Venice again in 1295, tells of the great Khan, Kublai, making paper pass current through his dominions, not as representing gold or silver or other value, but simply by virtue of his royal order. The paper money was of various sizes and values, and each piece had the Khan's seal stamped upon it. This is, perhaps, the first known paper money.

* * *

The custom of Turkish ladies wearing earrings arose from the following quaint legend: Sarah, the wife of Abraham, was so jealous of the preference shown toward Hagar that she took a solemn vow never to rest until she had succeeded in mutilating the fair face of her hated rival. It seems, however, that after long persuasion Abraham extracted a promise from her to desist in her cruel determination. But then arose the question of her vow. Finally she quieted her conscience by boring a hole through the ears of the bondmaid, thus fulfilling her oath in the letter if not in the spirit. Hagar filled the holes with gems, and whatever Hagar did was held in great esteem by the people of Turkey, for she was the mother of Ishmael, the founder of their race.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Victoria Lacrosse Team's Victory at Toronto on Saturday.

LOCAL LACROSSE MEN ENTHUSIASTIC

Yacht Petrel Wins the Angeles Club's Silver Cup in Saturday's Race Across the Straits—Small Boats Have to Turn Back.

AQUATIC.

SATURDAY'S REGATTA.

The executive of the Victoria Canoe club have decided upon the following programme for Saturday's race meeting:

1—Single paddle, single blade; half mile.
2—Tandem paddle; single blade; half mile.
3—Four paddle, club; one mile.
4—Sailing match.
5—Ladies and gentlemen's tandem; club; half mile.
6—War canoe race; 13 paddles; J.B.A.A. v. V.C.C.
7—Tilting match.
8—Upset race.
9—Walking greasy pole.
10—Swimming race.

All entries must be sent to the secretary, C. M. Page, before Thursday afternoon. There are no entrance fees. All the events with the exception of those marked "Club" are open to all amateurs.

LACROSSE.

When the news reached Victoria on Saturday of the second victory of the Victoria lacrosse team in the east, the enthusiasts went wild with joy. The crowds around the bulletin boards gave three cheers and three tigers for the boys and telegrams of congratulation were flashed over the wires. From the dispatches received it is evident that the boys did not play as good a game as they did against Montreal, but they played well enough to defeat Toronto without trouble. About 1200 spectators were present in spite of the shower of rain that fell just before the game began. Frost did not play on account of his sore hand and Macnaughton had not fully recovered from the shaking he received at Montreal. The games were scored as follows:

1	Victoria	Ditchburn	12 minutes
2	Victoria	Eckardt	1 "
3	Toronto	Cross	20 "
4	Victoria	Eckardt	15 "
5	Toronto	Burns	2 "
6	Victoria	Macnaughton	1 "

After the match the visitors were entertained by the home team at a banquet in the club house.

The victorious Victorians have now to meet the two best teams in the Eastern league—the Shamrocks and Capitals. The Shamrocks they play on Wednesday and the Capitals on the 26th. Every lacrosse enthusiast in Canada is now looking forward to these two matches and of course Victorians are the most anxious of all.

BILLIARDS.

ROBERTS-IVES MATCH.

Chicago, Sept. 18.—Several hundred billiard experts from the east and west are in town to witness the contest at English billiards between John Roberts, the champion of England, and Frank C. Ives, the champion of America, which opens tonight at Central Music Hall, to continue until Saturday for a stake of $1000 a side. Ives has been practicing in this city for several weeks, while Roberts, who has been giving exhibitions through Canada, has but three days active practice. Opinions of billiard experts are favorable to Ives and in betting he is the favorite.

THE TURF.

GOING TO RUSSIA.

Chicago, Ills., Sept. 18.—Monroe E. Salisbury, of California, to-day sold the famous trotting mare Vic S. to Captain Ishmloff, of St. Petersburg, who is in Chicago with the Oroff trotters, exhibited at the World's Fair. The price paid was $25,000. The mare is to be taken to Russia with the Oroff stable now in Chicago.

HORSEMEN DISSATISFIED.

The Victoria horsemen who went over to Vancouver for the B. C. Jockey Club's races came home last evening thoroughly disgusted. In both running events in which Victoria horses started they were sent off when the Vancouver horses were in the lead, but even then they could not beat them.

THE WHEEL.

THE SWITZER WON.

Paris, Sept. 18.—The 24 hours' bicycle contest, opened to all nations ended last night. M. Lesna, the Swiss champion, won, covering a fraction over 433 miles, and beating the world's record by about 19 1-2 miles.

CRICKET.

ALBIONS VS. WESTMINSTER.

The return match between the Albion C. C. and the New Westminster C. C. was played last Saturday on the Albion's grounds at Beacon Hill, the game commencing about 11 a.m. and resulting in a victory for the home team by two runs, the game being decided by the first inning. The following is the score:

Westminster.

Clinton, run out	28
E. O. Mallins, b Wallis	5
Coulthard, b Wallis	0
Wyld, b Wallis	0
Raymond, b Wallis	1
Woods, b Wallis	6
A. M. Mallins, c Wallis	5
Applegath, b Wallis	4
Parkes, b Schwengers	0
Jorand, b Martin	2
Wilson, not out	4
Extras	10
Total	75

Albions.

Swinerton, b Coulthard	0
J. E. Martin, b Parkes	12
Wallis, run out	17
H. J. Martin, b Mallins	10
Anderson, run out	12
Schwengers, b Mallins	1
Goepel, b Mallins	4
Thomas, b Applegath	2
Fowkes, b Mallins	3
Green, b Mallins	3
Savory, not out	5
Extras	6
Total	77

Second Innings.

Westminster.

Clinton, not out	22
Mallins, not out	1
Applegath, c Wallis	3
Wyld, c Martin	7
Raymond, b Wallis	17
Extras	11
Total	61

Woods, Parker, Mallins, Wilson, Jorand, and Coulthard did not bat.

Albions.

Savory, l b w	3
Goepel, not out	12
Swinerton, stumped	0
Martin, b Woods	3
Fowkes, b Wilson	2
Wallis, not out	2
Martin, b Woods	2
Extras	4
Total	28

Schwengers, Thomas, Green, Anderson, did not bat.

YACHTING.

The Victoria yachts had a splendid breeze for the race to Port Angeles on Saturday. The Petrel won the cup offered by the Port Angeles yacht club. They arrived in the following order: Volage 5 55, 19; Petrel, 6.04 35 1-2; Victoria T. The Petrel having an allowance was declared the winner. The Minerva and Fawn put back on account of the weather. The Volage and Petrel raced back yesterday. The former won by three minutes. The Victoria has not yet returned.

NOT SIGHTED YET.

New York, Sept. 18.—Lord Dunraven's yacht, Valkyrie, has not been sighted yet.

BIRTH.

COBURN—In this city on August 18th, the wife of J. Coburn, of a daughter.

DIED.

GRIGG—Susan Sime, beloved wife of F. P. Grigg, architect of Nanaimo, B. C., in the 60th year of her age.

Funeral from the E. & N. R. R. Depot and from the Reformed Episcopal church on Tuesday, Sept. 19th, 1893.

Friends and acquaintances invited to attend.

STARATT—In this city on Sept. 15th, Ralph Staratt, aged 23 years, a native of Nova Scotia.

The funeral will take place from Lockhart's undertaking parlors, Broad street, to-morrow, Sept. 19th, at 10:30 a.m.

Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—H. R. Holmes, C F Moore, Mrs W H Turnbull B C Taylor, Miss Logan, R Knight, E Donahue, Mrs Rowlings, R Collister, Robt Ward, R Hilstrop, Mrs Wartian, C H Westcote, F Campbell, C Bunting, F M Rattenbury, R Topham, A Goodstein and daughter, C Faugnier, C R Hyhes and wife, F Y Austin, T A Roberts, J J White, J Nicholson, H H Field, B J Perry, M Katsants, C A Friedman, Miss Argyle, S Roundling, J Tukof, D O Leary, J Desmare, C M Walker, Miss F G Wartian, G B Perner.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—S H E Co, W F Kinnaird, N S Keeper, Quintard & Packard, Major H H Muirhead, Capt Jones, Jas Mitchell, J H Todd, A & W Wilson, Colbert & Warner, H Bornstein, Hudson Bay Co, John Horner, J H Todd & Son, McL & McF, S Leiser, Wilson Bros, Dom Exp Co.

One Honest Man.

To the Editor of the Victoria Times:—Please inform your readers that I will mail free to all sufferers the means by which I was restored to health and manly vigor after years of suffering from Nervous Weakness. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but thanks to heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong. I have nothing to sell and no scheme to extort money from anyone whomsoever, but being desirous to make this certain cure known to all, I will send free and confidential to any one full particulars of just how I was cured. Address with stamps:

Mr. Edward Martin, (Teacher),
P. O. Box 143, Detroit, Mich.

A Fiji Trade.

Writing of the new service the Fiji Times says: "It may probably be said that there is no certainty as to Fiji being included in the Canadian-Pacific route. Allowing that, still it must be conceded that there is a possibility the other way. The theme for consideration, therefore, is narrowed to this: Is it worth while to attend to the conditions of growth and preparation for export on the chance of finding a market far afield; or is it preferable to allow the fruit to rot in the future as it has in the past? Surely there can be but one reply to this, and that is that while absolutely nothing has been gleaned heretofore, at least something may be garnered now. Granting that the markets of British Columbia remain practically sealed, are there none others open? Australia will take our citron products and New Zealand our oranges in addition. The returns may not be great but they will be something. That is in case Fiji be not included in the Vancouver project. But let us imagine the other aspect of the subject, and suppose that she be. Will it not then be as well to have something ready, especially as if there be nothing impressions prejudicial to us will at once be formed. Comparing that fact with the certainty that we have other markets, but too long neglected, at hand, the alternative really appears to be all in favor of the producers of the articles referred to. Not that there should not be others with regard to which some degree of practical information is required in order that their full advantage may be secured. We commend this phase of the matter to the consideration of the two chambers of commerce."

He turned, when preparing to die,
To the company that would have insured him
But now the big goat won't apply,
Because Eastjay's Lozenges cured him.
—Insurance Item.

Dollars Fly

These days, but they can be made to

Fly Just Right,

If you will use prudence in selecting a place at which to trade.

Cameron's, 55 Johnson St.,
Is the Place

For Bargains in Winter Underwear, Men's Clothing, and Furnishing Goods, and you can do well if you will go there.

To Catch Them
On the Wing.

Cash and One Price.

Notice---For Cash Only.

On and after September 15th, the Victoria West Coal Yard will sell Coal at the following rates.

Best Wellington (Screened) Coal, $7.00 per Ton. Best Slack Coal, $4.00.

All orders must be accompanied with Cash.

Telephone 212. VICTORIA WEST COAL YARD.

FOR CASH ONLY.

We the undersigned Coal Dealers from and after the 15th inst. will sell Coal at the following Rates:

Best Screened Coal, -	$7.00 per Ton.
do do do -	$2 per 1-4 Ton.
Slack, - - - -	$4.00 per Ton.

All orders must be accompanied with Cash.

VICTORIA COAL, WOOD & LUMBER CO.,
CENTRAL COAL AND WOOD YARD,
WELLINGTON COAL YARD,
BRODERICK'S COAL YARD,
ROCK BAY COAL YARD,
JANION'S WHARF COAL YARD.

NEW GOODS

For Fall and Winter

Just Received at

A. GREGG & SONS, TAILORS, 62 Yates Street.

THE VICTORIA TAILORING AND DYEING ESTAB'T,

JNO. T. PIERRE Proprietor,

PIERRE BLOCK, (Near City Hall) 100 DOUGLAS STREET

SUITS from $20.00 up. PANTS from $6.00 up.

Clothes cleaned, dyed, altered and repaired. "Prices lower than the lowest. N.B.—I have no branch store and no drummers to annoy you, but will promptly attend to all orders by mail. aug18-1m

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (With power to increase) £600,000, $2,920,000
RESERVE £270,000, $1,314,000

HEAD OFFICE, - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON, (KOOTENAY LAKE).

IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA

AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:

IN CANADA—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank Imperial Bank of Canada, and Bank of Nova Scotia.

IN UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency), New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago.

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU—Bishop & Co.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

Victoria, B.C., July 1, 1893. GEO GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L.S. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organised. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the new famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there has able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

OFFICES

VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

Australian Canned

Meats

Luncheon Beef,
Roast Beef,
Roast Mutton,
Pork Sausage,
Etc., Etc.,

IN 1 AND 2 POUND CANS.
PRONOUNCED BY EPICURES AS
"EXCELLENT."

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.

Cor. Government and Fort Sts.

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR.

JUST RECEIVED FROM CHINA

Blackwood Tables, Inlaid with Marble, Ivory Chess Men, Napkin Rings, Paper Knives, Sandal Wood Boxes, Fans and Paper Knives. Fancy Baskets, Etc., Etc.

T. S. FUTCHER,

Importer and Retailer.

41 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

Newfoundland Cod

First of this season's New Boned Cod Fish, just arrived, at 10c. per lb.

R. H. JAMESON, 38 Fort St.

EX S. S. WARRIMOO.

Australian

SUGAR

70 Pound Sacks
For Family Use.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.